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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE RIOTS

More Victims.

POLICE ACTION.

Processions to be Stopped.

MAYOR HALL VINDICATES HIMSELF

NEW YORK, July 17, 1871.

The funeral services of William T. Lattimer were held yesterday in the Swedenborgian Church, in Thirty-fifth street, between Lexington and Third avenue. He was one of the innocent victims of the riot. The body was not in the church. There was a large attendance of relatives and friends present. Rev. Mr. Keyes preached the sermon and made a few remarks alluding to the sudden and sad death of Mr. Lattimer and the severe affliction to his family. The remains are to be conveyed to Albany.

Among the funerals that took place yesterday were Thomas Sullivan, a victim of the riot. His death was caused by a volley fired by the military. The remains were escorted to the cemetery by the Tweed Benevolent Association.

Charles H. Pettit, a young man who was shot down in the street by a stray bullet, after he had just parted with his affianced bride in order to make some purchases, was buried from the residence of his uncle, James Morton, No. 361 West Twenty-first street. James Monoghan, also killed by the military, was buried by the Hibernian Society. Michael Tull y was also buried. All along the route of the procession of Page and Wyatt, of the Ninth regiment, was accompanied and followed by an immense crowd, notwithstanding the rain which was pouring down in torrents. Every window of the houses was filled with groups of men and women who had been patiently waiting all afternoon for the appearance of the procession, and all the stoops of all the houses and the house-tops were lined with hundreds of anxious sight-seers. At about half past six the funeral train started from the depot. The current during the early part of the day that the train would be attacked or thrown from the track, and Superintendent Kelso placed special patrolmen to guard every block through which the railroad travers ed. Instead, however, of the train being attacked, the people in the cottages in the suburbs, and at ever house outside of town near the track, in spots of sympathizers with the regiment, who assembled at the windows and on piazzas, and testified their respect for the dead by piously uncovering until the whole train had passed by. At Woodlawn the regiment and escort of police some two hundred strong, who accompanied it from New York in the capacity of mourners rather than as an escort of protection, were met by an immense crowd. The procession to the grave was a very solemn one. The Ninth returned in safety to the city about ten o'clock, and on its way to the armory was loudly cheered by the people on the streets. At the armory the police and regiment, before parading, cheered one another till they were hoarse. The experience of the Ninth during the past few days has made many hearts sad, but the regiment has evidently gained in popularity since that fatal Wednesday.

Among the important documents bearing upon the causes of the first action taken by the civil authorities in regard to the recent troubles, there is published this morning, in addition to that of John T. Bond, the Orange leader, to Superintendent Kelso two days before the riot, in which he implores that functionary to stop the Orange demonstration and spare an effusion of blood

THE POLICE.

In the Board of Police Commissioners, Manierre offered a preamble declaring the occupation of public thoroughfares by parades and processions grown to be an evil of such magnitude as to require police regulation or prohibition. That such occupation, which is not a right but only a toleration, has become odious and dangerous. Therefore,

Resolved, That excepting parades of the National Guard and funeral processions, no procession of any kind shall be permitted to occupy the streets of New York without the permission of the Board of Police, in which event the Superintendent shall give escort and proper protection.

Commissioner Barr offered a resolution for obtaining legal opinion on the best method of dealing with street processions.

Both resolutions were referred to a Committee composed of Bosworth and Barr.

MAYOR HALL EXPLAINS.

Mayor Hall in seconding Barrs motion, denied the lawful right of any procession except military, to occupy the streets and said the authorities were perfectly justified in forbidding processions. That it was done in the recent instance for the first time simply showed the question had never before presented itself for decision. Never before did any procession engender circumstances threatening breach of the peace. On the Mayor's motion three days leave of absence in batches of one hundred at a time was granted patrolmen who faithfully performed their duties on the 12th.

MORE VICTIMS.

The funerals of two more victims of Wednesday's riot took place to-day. Augustus Gilbert, compositor in the *Herald* office, was buried at Cypress Hill Cemetery, and John A. Clarke, proprietor of a paper collar factory was buried at Greenwood.

Twelve of the wounded died to-day.

THE ASSAULT ON TWO OFFICERS.

At Yorkville Police Court this morning John Mahony, a respectable young man, was arraigned at the board to answer a charge of felonious assault committed by him on two officers of the 71st Regiment yesterday, while on their way home from the obsequies of young Page. The prisoner said that he was ashamed of the position in which he found himself, but he had no one to blame for it but himself, he having been drunk at the time. He was held in $3,000 bail to answe

HOFFMAN IN EFFIGY.

A large party of roughs in the Twelfth ward, Brooklyn, hung an effigy in Hamilton avenue this morning bearing a breastplate labelled "John T. Hoffman, Governor of New York, died July 12, 1871."

TO BE TRIED.

Captain Petty is to be tried to-day. Lieut. Macklin, and others belonging to the Eighty-fourth regiment will testify in his behalf.

BOSTON.

General Butler.

BOSTON, July 17.—General Butler's expressed readiness to accept the nomination for Governor of Massachussets has not been favorably responded to by the leading Boston papers. The *Advertiser* thinks it rather early to accept a nomination to be made so far ahead and intimates that Governor Claflin may be induced to run again. The *Journal* says there is no question but that the Republicans in Convention will act with proper discretion and nominate for all offices gentlemen who will strengthen the party and continue its beneficial rule.

LADIES DROWNED.

Miss Ada McEvoy, of Lowell, and Miss Annie Cummings, of Portsmouth, New York, were drowned to-day in Charles River by the capsizing of a boat.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

A tenement house at the corner of First street and Dorchester avenue, South Boston, owned by John Hennessy and occupied by twelve families was destroyed by fire this afternoon. Loss $20,000. No insurance. Several adjoining tenement houses on First and Athen streets and Green's alley were badly damaged, making the total loss $50,000. A man named McGann has been arrested on suspicion of raising the fire.

FOREIGN.

A Great Fire.

CRY OF WARNING.

The Paris Archbishopric.

IMPERIAL HONORS.

A Ship Foundered.

THE GERMAN INDEMNITY.

FRANCE.

GREAT FIRE.

PARIS, July 16.—The great fire at Rheims to-day was occasioned by the explosion of petroleum. Fifty persons were killed and wounded, and many buildings in the business portion of the city were burned.

ACCIDENTAL.

The *Official Journal* states that the explosion in the works of St. Maur, at Vincennes, was accidental, and that six persons were killed and thirty wounded.

REQUIEM.

A solemn requiem service will be held in the Cathedral of North Dame in honor of the martyred Archbishop of Paris, Monseigneur Darboy.

SANITARY.

The sanitary condition of Paris at present is good.

NEW JOURNAL.

PARIS, July 17.—The *Salute*, a new weekly journal which supports Thiers, utters a cry of warning against the intrigues for the restoration of the Bonapartists.

THE NEW ARCH BISHOP.

PARIS, July 17.—The announcement that Arch Bishop Tours succeeds the late Monsigneur Darboy as Arch Bishop of Paris is confirmed.

NOT PAID.

Owing to delay caused by certain technicalities the delivery of the first half milliard of indemnity to the Germans has not been consummated.

ENGLAND.

THE AMERICAN EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.

LONDON, July 17.—Gortschakoff has expressed to the deputation of the American Evangelical Alliance the sympathy of the Czar with the object of their prayers, viz: The advancement of the cause of religious liberty in Russia.

A MEETING DISPERSED.

The police of London have dispersed a meeting in Hyde Park, the object of which was to promote emigration from the United Kingdom. This action was rendered necessary by the noise and confusion incidental to the proceedings.

EXPECTED.

The Prince Imperial, Frederick William, is expected at Osborne, on Saturday next.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

The Chief of Police of Dublin died yesterday from the wounds he received a few days since at the hands of a supposed Fenian. The murderer is under arrest.

SHIP FOUNDERED.

The ship Nahamon, from Bombay, bound to Penang, has founded in the Indian ocean. Thirty lives were lost.

CHOLERA.

It is officially announced that the Asiatic cholera has made its appearance in several places in Poland.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

LONDON, July 17.—Arrived out: Steamers Germania, City of Brussels, Oceanica and Nevada, all from New York.

GERMANY.

HONORS.

DRESDEN, July 17.—The Emperor of Russia has sent a flattering telegraphic dispatch to the Crown Prince of Saxony, conferring on him the honorary title of Field Marshal.

REPROOF.

BERLIN, July 17.—The North German *Gazette* sharply reproves the Catholic Bishops of Germany for their encroachments on the civil power.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, July 17. — River eight feet three inches; risen six inches. Arrived—Annie Laurie, Kanawha; Dove No. 2, Kentucky river. Weather clear and cool.

VICKSBURG, July 17.—Down—Ouachita Belle, 7 P. M.; Natchez 12 last night. Weather warm and clear. River falling.

NEW ORLEANS, July 17.—Arrived—Shannon from Louisville; Rees and barges from Cincinnati. No departures.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—Arrived—Mary McDonald from Kansas city; Carrie and Kountz from Sioux city; R. J. Lockwood from Red River; Belle of St. Louis from Vicksburg; Lake Superior from Keokuk; Moonstone from Ice River; Huntsville from Peoria; Cambridge and Mary E. Poe from Sioux city. Departed—Northwestern for St. Paul; Harry Johnston for Keokuk; Dexter for New Orleans; City of Chester for Memphis; St. Louis for Jefferson; Ida for Augusta; Moonstone for Illinois River. River falling slowly. Weather cloudy and sultry.

NASHVILLE, July 16.—River falling with twenty-two inches on Harpeth Shoals. Weather warm and showery.

CAIRO, July 17.—Grand Tower, Memphis to St. Louis, 11 P. M.; Florence Lee, Evansville packet, 4 A. M.; Texas, New Orleans to Louisville, 7; Julia, St. Louis to Vicksburg, 8; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg to St. Louis 6; Indians loading here for new New Orleans. River stationary. Clear. Mercury 88.

EVANSVILLE, July 17.—Heavy storm of rain, lightning and wind last night. Clear and hot to-day. River risen eight inches. Port list since Saturday night down—Emma Floyd 9 A. M. Saturday; Rose Hite 5 P. M. Sunday; Bermuda 5 P. M.; Mary Ament 6; John Lumsden and Quickstep 8 P. M. Sunday; Rose Hite, Fayette and Rapidan 10 A. M. to-day; Arkansas Belle 1 P. M.; Fanny Brandies 1:30; all with good trips. Business active.

MEMPHIS, July 17.—Weather clear and fearfully hot. Mercury, 97 degrees; this afternoon falling slowly. Up—Marble City and Commonwealth. Down—Bismarck and Sallie Dardunell.

LOUISVILLE, July 17.—River stationary: 20 inches in chute; 44 inches in channel. Weather clear and pleasant. Mercury, 80 degrees. Camelia commenced this week running regularly every week from Louisville to Cairo. Little Condor arrived from Pomeroy with salt, and started back.

NASHVILLE.

Gold Mines.

NASHVILLE, July 17.—Valuable gold mines have been discovered in Monroe county, Tennessee, and General Vaughn calls for one hundred hands to work them.

SUICIDE.

Joseph Page, clerk in the dry goods store of his brother, P. E. Page, committed suicide last night by taking morphine.

VISIT OF COLORED PEOPLE.

Several hundred colored people from Atlanta, Georgia, are at present on a visit to Nashville. They have been received and treated with marked respect by the colored people of Nashville. To-morrow they have a celebration at the colored fair ground, and a ball at night.

CONNECTICUT.

Lightning.

DARIEN, July 17.—The house of Vincent Collyer at this place was struck by lightning on Saturday. Mrs. Collyer was slightly stunned, but suffered no serious injury.

NEW YORK.

Shot in a Whisky Riot—Attempted Burglary—Billiards—Fire—Ocean Steamship Race—The Erie Case—A German Festival—An Old Merchant Dead—Jem Mace.

NEW YORK, July 17, 1871.

SHOT IN A WHISKY RIOT.

Clinton Gilbert, General Jordan's Assistant Assessor, who was shot by some unknown man during the Fifth ward whisky riot in Brooklyn, on Friday morning, died at the hospital of the Navy Yard yesterday, after two days of terrible agony.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY.

Three professional burglars, having hired the basement of a house next to the United States bonded warehouse of Herman J. Myer, in Greenwich street, where two hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of merchandise was stored, were busily engaged on Saturday afternoon in cutting through the walls. The porter heard the noise raised by their by their operations, and gave the alarm. The burglars fled, but one of them, calling himself Wm. King, was captured after a desperate struggle.

FIRE.

Yesterday morning a fire broke out in a house on the corner of Camden and Warren streets, Newark, occupied by Patrick J. Rafferty, shortly after midnight. Rafferty, who lived alone, was seen to enter the house intoxicated, by an officer after the fire broke out, and it is supposed that the drunken man accidentally set it on fire while attempting to heat up the stove. After the fire his body was found burned to a crisp.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP RACE.

Great interest is felt in the result of the ocean race between the City of Brussels, the crack ship of the Inman line, and the Oceanic, the pioneer ship of the recently established White Star line. Both the ships sailed from this port on Saturday, the 18th inst. at ten A. M., and they are consequently about due off Queenstown

JIM. MACE.

Jim. Mace the pugilist has issued a card waiving the decision of the referee in his favor in the last match with Coburn, and offering to fight the latter for five or ten thousand dollars a side within one hundred miles of New Orleans. In event of Coburn declining he is willing to transfer the challenge to O'Baldwin.

ERIE CASE.

Heath and Raphael filed a bill of equity to-day in the clerk's office of the United States Circuit Court enjoining the Erie Railroad Company and Farmers Loan and Trust Company from making any further increase in the registry of stock of the Erie Railway Company.

EXCURSION.

The New York Agricultural Editorial Excursion Party leave the city to-morrow morning for the Mammoth Cave, Kentucky, Kansas, Colorado and the Rocky Mountains. Among the excursionists are J. Kingsbury, Editor of the *North West Farmer*, and George S. Boyn and wife of the Chicago *Bureau*.

BILLIARDS.

Cyrille Dion issued a notice in which he challenges any one to play him a game of three ball French Carom billiards. The amount of stakes to be not less than five hundred dollars a side, and it is thought in billiard circles that an international contest will be the result of his challenge.

CORNER STONE.

The corner stone of the building of the New York Turnverein Society, on Third street, was laid to-day. The building is fifty feet front, one hundred and fifty deep and contains an assembly room, lecture rooms, school, gymnasium, etc.

FESTIVAL.

The New York Schuetzenfest corps under command of Capt. Gerdes, are holding their fourteenth annual festival to-day and will contend during the next three days for prizes worth 1,000 dollars. Delegations from other cities will participate.

SWINDLING.

John Roe was arrested at the instance of Joseph Ford, Astoria County, Illinois, for swindling the latter to the amount of $2,200. Ford paid money for counterfeit notes and received a box of saw dust.

DEAD.

Cornelius V. S. Rosevelt one of the best known old merchants of this city died at his summer residence Oyster Bay, Long Island, this morning after an illness of but two days.

ARRIVED.

The steamships Hansa and Idaho have arrived from Liverpool.

CINCINNATI.

Killed by Lightning.

CINCINNATI, July 17.—Frank Roe, a farmer, while loading hay three miles east of Norwalk, Ohio, was instantly killed on Friday by lightning, which came from almost a cloudless sky. The fork he held was shivered to atoms. A man on the wagon was knocked to the ground and nearly killed.

ATTEMPT AT JAIL BREAKING.

The jail delivery here on Saturday night of eight prisoners (through the door left open for repairs). They went to the elevator, which they set in motion and ascended to the upper part of the building, which one of the number had already prepared for their reception. They were discovered by the jailer only in time to prevent their flight.

MORTALLY WOUNDED.

Philip Baker stabbed and mortally wounded Marion Sleet at Bear Lick, Boone county, Kentucky, on Saturday. Both are colored. Baker was arrested and subsequently escaped.

SEVERE STORM.

A special to the *Gazette* says the most destructive storm ever seen in Huron county visited that locality yesterday. It made its first appearance in the Dutch settlement three miles southwest of Norwalk, prostrating crops, trees and fences and passing thence into Greenfield and Fairfield townships destroyed a brick school house, unroofed a number of farm houses, prostrated fruit and shade trees and damaged barns and outhouses. The brick residence of Harlan Simmons, one of the best in the country, was unroofed and the gable ends dashed into the building amid the furniture and other effects of the household. Thirteen persons were in the house at the time, fortunately all in the first story, and escaped injury. The upper story of Simmons' barn was completely carried away, and the debris was scattered in all directions. Loss to the county is estimated at from $50,000 to $100,000. So far as has been heard no lives were lost.

NEW JERSEY.

Tornado.

VINELAND, July 17.—A fearful tornado, accompanied by thunder and lightning and heavy rain, struck this town last evening. The loss of property of all kinds is very severe. The roofs of houses, trees and fences were destroyed. The most severe losses are the destruction of the Episcopal church, two railway depots and two dwelling houses. The loss on the church is especially felt. In one of the houses destroyed six men were gathered, when the roof was taken off and the walls fell in, wounding some, but none dangerously. No loss of life is reported. The tornado seems to have been entirely local, the country within a quarter of a mile of the town escaping from its effects.

LONG ISLAND.

The President.

FORT HAMILTON, July 17.—The President and his party are on a brief visit to General Vodge's. The President was received with a salute of twenty-one guns, and a parade by the troops of the garrison. He will return to Long Branch this afternoon.

CANADA.

Suicide.

TORONTO, July 17.—Winnepeg dates, to July 5th, received, state that George W. Hill, Private Secretary to Governor Archibald, committed suicide by shooting himself. The day before he was on a steamboat excursion and apparently in high spirits.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

Appointments.

THE NEW LOAN.

McGarrahan Again.

NEW YORK CENTRAL.

General Parker Resigned.

THE WEATHER.

Indictment of Correspondents.

WASHINGTON, July 17.

THE LATE FRENCH MINISTER.

M. Treilhard, late French Minister to Washington, is at present sojourning in Connecticut. He has entirely recovered his health, and will leave for France as soon as he shall learn that the Germans have evacuated that portion of the country, which includes his estate.

RESIGNED.

General Parker, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, has resigned. The following is the correspondence on the subject:

WASHINGTON, June 29, 1871.

MR. PRESIDENT: The effect of Congressional legislation since I have had the honor to hold the position of Commissioner of Indian Affairs has been to almost wholly divest the Bureau of all its original importance, duties and proper responsibilities. The Commissioner of Indian Affairs under the present arrangement is merely a supernumerary officer of the Government, his principal duties being simply that of a clerk to the Board of Indian Commissioners, operating wholly inside and almost independent of the Indian Bureau. I would gladly and willingly do anything in my power to aid in forwarding and promoting to a successful issue the President's wise and beneficent Indian policy, but I cannot in justice to myself longer continue to hold the ambiguous position of Commissioner of Indian affairs. I therefore most respectfully but firmly tender my resignation of said office, to take effect the first day of August, 1871. Sincerely thanking you Mr. President for the kindness and consideration you have always shown me, I have the honor to be and shall ever remain

Your Obedient Servant,

[Signed] ELY S. PARKER.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 13.

SIR:—Your letter of the 29th of June, tendering your resignation as Commissioner of Indian Affairs, to take effect 1st of August, 1871, was duly received. Accepting it severs official relations which have existed between us for eight consecutive years without cause of complaint as to your entire fitness for either of the important places you have had during that time. Your management of the Indian Bureau has been in entire harmony with the policy which I hope will tend to the civilization of the Indian race. It has also been able and discreet. In leaving public service to pursue a more independent course of life, you take with you my sincere wishes for your prosperity and my hearty commendation to all with whom the accidents of life may bring you in business relations for integrity and ability.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

To General E. S. Parker, Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

THE WEATHER.

No important change is reported from the Pacific coast. The barometer has fallen rapidly this afternoon in the extreme northwest. The highest pressure continues in the extreme southwest. The low pressure, which existed on Sunday evening north of Pennsylvania, has probably moved southeastward, and the barometer has fallen decidedly in Georgia. The temperature is lower on the Middle and East Atlantic coast. Fresh northwesterly winds prevail from Virginia to Maine and westward. Northeast winds are reported in Maine to Indiana and Tennessee. Rain and threatening weather are now reported from Northern Florida and Georgia, and also from Nebraska.

Probabilities.—The conditions are favorable for local storms to-night from Missouri to Tennessee. Threatening weather with light rains will probably extend during the night over the Carolinas with several local storms. Pleasant weather will probably continue from the lower Lakes to the Atlantic. The low barometer in the northwest will probably extend to Lake Huron by Tuesday evening with local storms west of Lake Michigan.

KU KLUX.

W. H. Forney, a lawyer of Alabama, was examined by the Ku Klux Committee to-day. He admitted the existence of bands of armed and disguised men who perpetrated occasional outrages but considered the purpose of their organization to be to keep the peace and prevent the negroes from stealing. Sheriff Chesholm, of Dekalb, Mississippi, was also examined and testified that Ku Klux had committed a number of the lawless acts in his county. But they were not now frequent occurrences. A great majority of citizens of both parties had aided him in putting them down and preventing their recurrence. Just before leaving for Washington he had been told by leading Conservatives that the Democrats were getting up an organization which would control the colored vote and make them carry all elections.

INDICTED.

The Grand Jury have found indictments against Hiram G. Ramsdell and S. White of the N. Y. *Tribune*, and A. Tinker and Joseph A. Kirby, Western Union Telegraph office, charged with willfully and unlawfully refusing to testify on certain points before the Special Committee of the Senate of the United States concerning the premature publication of the Treaty of Washington. This refusal is declared to be against the form of the statute in such cases made and provided. The presentment in each case as found, is on the evidence of Senators Carpenter, Conkling, Sumner, Trumbull and Garrett Davis.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL CASE.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day returned to the Internal Revenue office the case of the New York Central Railroad to be adjusted without taking into consideration the appeal now before the Department. Commissioner Pleasonton will delay for a reasonable time in ordering the collection of the tax in order to investigate the books and other official statements which the company desire to offer in support of their claim against full payment of the tax assessed against them.

APPOINTED.

The Presidents has appointed Moses Kelly, Wm. Gunton and W. Cox of this district visitors to the Government Hospital for insane for six years from the first inst., John S. Armstrong agent for the Indians of New Mexico, Albiquem agency; Henry A. Eastman, Register of the Land Office, Prescott, Arizona; H. Latham of Arizona, Commissioner to the Centennial Ehibition, Philadelphia.

PROMINENTLY MENTIONED.

Col. Josiah Given of Ohio is prominently mentioned in connection with the Commissionership of Internal Revenue in case of a vacancy in that office. Col. Given, has been for a number of years a Deputy Commissioner in charge of a division of the Internal Revenue Bureau and is backed by strong influence.

REVENUE.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has sent to President Grant for his approval of the order for the consolidation of Internal Revenue districts in Virginia, Alabama and other States with a view to economy.

THE NEW LOAN.

The subscriptions to the new loan to date amounted to 67,054,400 dollars. Subscriptions to-day reached 21,500 dollars. Bonds already issued on the above subscriptions amounted to 61,605,500 dollars. The statement that Secretary Boutwell paid more for bonds on Thursday than their par value in gold is not true.

REINSTATED.

Dr. G. W. Perine, late examining surgeon of the pension bureau who was removed by Ex-Commissioner of Pensions Van Arnan Because, he was a Homeopathist, has been appointed by the present Commissioner a member of the Board of examining surgeons at Milwaukee.

M'GARRAHAN AGAIN.

It is understood that certain questions in regard to the application of M'Garrahan for the restoration of his record in the Interior Department will be referred to the Attorney General for decision

DEATH OF AN OFFICER.

Commander William Mitchell who was placed on the retired list of the navy four years ago, died at his residence in this city yesterday.

CHICAGO.

Texas Cattle.

CHICAGO, July 17.—The Salina (Kansas) *Advocate's* latest dates say the entire country east, west and south of Salina is now filled with Texas cattle. The bottoms are overflowing with them, and the water-courses are lined with them. Not less than two hundred thousand head are now within the precincts of the State, and the arrivals daily are immense in number. Prices range as follows: From $6 to $8 for yearlings, $10 to $12 for two-year olds, $16 to $18 for three-year olds and cows, and $20 to $24 for beeves. These prices appear to be well maintained

THE RAILROAD WAR.

In regard to the Railroad war between the Milwaukee and St. Paul and Chicago and Northwestern Railroads, the Baraboo, Wisconsin, *Republican*, of the 12th, has the following: "Two weeks ago we gave currency to a statement that the St. Paul Railroad Company, had undertaken the construction of a railroad from Milwaukee to Chicago in opposition to the Lake Shore line of the Northwestern Company. Last night Col. Wan Sherer, engineer in chief for the latter company at this place, received instructions by telegraph to institute a survey from such a point on the line of the Barboo extension as might be most available for a direct road to Milwaukee. The urgency of his instructions may be inferred from the fact that at this writing 8:30 A. M., a surveying corps has already been organized, and is now well on its way to its base of operations at Lodi. It will be the object of Mr. Van Merran to take the most direct route from Lodi to Milwaukee. Two surveys have been suggested—one leading from Lodi to Columbus on a line for which a charter is now held by the Northwestern Company, and the second to Viadone and Sun Prairie; but if a better line than either can be found, it will be preferred A survey is also to be made from the most eligible point on the line adopted to Iron Bridge. This much we have said from an assured knowledge of the facts and we may add that the road, with the branch indicated will be built beyond peradventure. But one thing will prevent its construction—the sale and dismantling of the Milwaukee and Chicago line by the St. Paul Company—and of this there is, we conceive, not a shadow of a hope of empowering as the odds are against him. Mr. Mitchell's pride and stubbornness will leave him to struggle. We may safely assume that as the road will be most direct between Milwaukee and La Crosse, so it will be most complete in its appointments. It will monpolize the trade between the Mississippi and Lake Michigan, through Central Wisconsin.

DEATH BY LIGHTNING.

The St. Joseph, Missouri, daily *Gazette* of Saturday gives the following particulars of death by lightning of Mrs. Lovell and Mr. Blackmore during the progress of the terrible storm which prevailed in that vicinity on Thursday last. The house in which the two persons named was killed, is situated about five miles southeast from St. Joseph. It is two stories high, with three principal rooms and hall on each floor. When the storm commenced Mrs. Lovell was up stairs in a back room reading from the Bible to her little daughters. The windows of the room being been wide open, she took her children and ran down stairs, passing from the hall into the bed-room, and put them on the bed and knelt by their side. In this position the lightning struck her, causing her instant death; and at the same time Mr. Blackmore was in the hall, and the same bolt killed him. Several others were more or less injured. Mrs. Lovell was the wife of John S. Lovell, of Warren county, Virginia. Her husband is now in Virginia City, Montana. The two daughters with whom she was kneeling in prayer, aged respectively nine and six years, were uninjured.

TAD LINCOLN'S FUNERAL.

The remains of Thomas Lincoln, son o the late President Lincoln, were taken from this city last evening to Springfield in a special car, tendered for the purpose by the Chicago & St. Louis Railroad, and interred at Oak Ridge, near that city, beside those of his father and brother Willie, this morning. The funeral took place from the residence of William H. Edwards, an uncle of the deceased, and was attended by an immense concourse of citizens of Springfield and the State. Among the leading citizens of the State present were: Senator Trumbull, Judge David Davis, General Hardie, J. Young, S. Cameron, Wm. B. Ogden, General Arnold, Senator Harlan, of Iowa.

THE RIVER.

The turning of the channel of the Chicago river towards the Mississippi is already regarded as a success. The color of the water in the former which has heretofore been as black as ink, is now blue and pleasant to the sight, and the vile stench is fast disappearing. There is general rejoicing among the people.

DEAD.

Hon. David Leith, Representative in the Illinois Legislature from Effingham county, died at his home a few days since.

WHEELING.

Fatal Accident.

WHEELING, July 17.—A boy named James W. Shriver, aged seven years, was run over by the street cars in this city, Saturday evening last, and instantly killed.

FIRE.

The fire yesterday at noon destroyed two houses.

SUICIDE.

A man named M. B. Howell, about fifty years of age, from Martinsburg, a cooper by trade, committed suicide by hanging himself in his cooper shop this morning. He left the following note to his employer; "MR. JOHN RISBY—I am about to leave this world of trouble. Appropriate what change I have to yourself, and put me away some place. It will not cost you much. Clean me up and put on a suit of clean clothes on me. Any common box will do put me in. Communicate to my family in Gerindstown of my sad fate. Little and big farewell. [Signed] M. B. HOWELL. Family trouble and whisky is supposed to be the cause

DUBUQUE.

Killed by Foul Air.

DUBUQUE, July 17.—A boy named T. Ischirge, aged fifteen years, was killed by foul air while descending into a cistern for the purpose of cleaning it out. Two men who were sent down to rescue him were pulled out nearly dead, before the cause of the difficulty was discovered. The cistern was ten feet deep and was in a brewery.

HARVESTERS.

Up river steamers are crowded with harvesters and reapers and not a few pleasure seekers from Southern climes. The Alex. Mitchell up to-day had four hundred passengers.

PEORIA.

Fire.

PEORIA, Ill., July 17.—The distillery of J. L. Smith, Pekin, Illinois, was destroyed by fire at three P. M. to-day. Loss $60,000; insured for $25,000. The flames caught from the bursting of a receiving pipe, which threw the whisky in contact with a burning lamp.

LITTLE ROCK.

Colored Ku Klux.

LITTLE ROCK, July 17.—Several Ku-kluxings by colored people are reported near the city. On Saturday night a negro man was stopped in the road by two colored men who attempted to rob and maltreat his person, but he escaped. A similar case was reported last evening. House breaking is becoming very frequent.

CONVENTION.

The colored Baptist State Convention meets here to-morrow. A number of prominent men from different portions of the State have arrived.

A FLUTTER.

Quite a flutter has been created in the city by the rumored removal of several prominent Federal officials belonging to the faction opposed to Senator Clayton. It is understood the latter has gained the complete confidence of the administration.

COMMENCED RUNNING.

The steamboat Arkadelfia commenced operations on the Ouchita, at Arkadelfia to-day.

RAILROAD.

Arrangements were made to-day for the commencement of work on the White River Valley Railroad by the first of September.

THE RIVER.

The river is again very low and falling. Weather clear and hot. Arrived—Little Rock, above; Sioux City, below.

OMAHA.

Accident.

OMAHA, July 17.—A report from Grand Island, Nebraska, says: A sad accident occurred on the train to day between Lone Tree and Grand Island. One of the passengers, while taking out his revolver with the intention of shooting a dog, which was running beside the train, the pistol accidentally went off, mortally wounding his traveling companion, M. J. W. Sisson, of Natchez, Mississippi. The unfortunate young man was taken off the train at the next place, and expired in about an hour and a half after the accident. The verdict of the Coroner's jury was, "accidentally killed." The deceased looks to be about twenty-two or twenty-three years of age.

SURVEY PARTY.

Professor Hayden and party of the United States Geological and Topographical Survey, have completed the survey of the route from Ogden, Utah, to Virginia City, Montana, and proceeded via Fort Ellis to the headwaters of the Yellow Stone.

RAILROAD.

It is claimed that the Omaha and South Western Railroad Company have made arrangements with the Rock Island and Pacific Company, whereby the bridge across the Platte river will be built at once, and the road completed to Nebraska City to meet the road from the South and West, giving that company a connection with Lincoln and South Western Nebraska.

ST. LOUIS.

Boys Drowned.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—Two boys, named Fred. Martin and Wm. Roberts, were drowned in the river at East St. Louis yesterday while bathing. Their bodies have not been recovered.

WEATHER.

Yesterday was the hottest day of the season, the mercury ranging from 100 to 105 degrees during the afternoon. Three cases of sunstroke occurred—one of them Thos. Tideville, railroad contractor from Hannibal, Mo.

MURDERED.

Wm. Charn, a boss herder, was murdered by a Mexican hand, forty miles south of Albuquerque, last Wednesday. Charn gave the Mexican some orders which he did not like, and watching his opportunity he slipped up behind him and shot him in the back.

DESPERADO KILLED.

Curly Walker, a notorious cattle thief and desperado was killed by Captain Wemple of Sand Spring at Fort Dodge some days ago. Walker had stolen some cattle from Wemple, was pursued and found at Fort Dodge, where Wemple endeavored to arrest him. Both drew revolvers and after twelve shots had been fired Walker was killed.

WEATHER.

The weather has not been quite so hot to-day, but three additional deaths have occured from heat.

WILMINGTON.

Negro Outlaws.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 17.—In Robeson county this morning, Laury and his band of negro outlaws waylaid and killed Daniel Murdock McLean, a prominent citizen, and Hugh McLean, his brother, a youth only thirteen years old. They also wounded Archibald McCollum. These parties were riding along the public road in a buggy and were fired on from a thick piece of woods. A state of terror exists among women and children in Robeson county. The Sheriff has a posse of 100 men in the field, but their efforts thus far to capture the outlaws have been utterly fruitless.

NEW ORLEANS.

Shot Dead.

NEW ORLEANS, July 17.—Albert Meyers was shot dead this morning by Michael L. Rodgers Cause, jealousy. The murderer was imprisoned.

MURDERED.

Francis Monteath, clerking in Chappin's store, St. James Parish, was murdered on May 10th. His body was thrown in the river, and the store robbed and burned by four negroes. The jury, composed of six white and six colored men, to-day found them guily of arson, burglary and murder. Penalty, death.

COLORADO.

Improvements in Denver.

DENVER, July 16.—An immense amount of buildings are in progress of erection, Not less than thirty first-class iron front store rooms are now under contract, besides a very large number of private residences.

HOT.

The weather for the past week has been exceedingly hot. At 2 o'clock P. M., to-day the thermometer stood at 110 degrees in the shade. This is the hottest weather ever known in Colorado.

BUFFALO.

Sentenced.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 17.—Reuben J. Dolph was sentenced to-day to five years' imprisonment in the State prison, at Auburn, for blackmailing a physician.

THE NEW YORK RIOT.

A call was issued to night for a meeting of Irish citizens of Buffalo to consider who is responsible for the slaughter in New York on the 12th of July.

TOLEDO.

Fatally Burned.

TOLEDO, O., July 17.—Mrs. Peter Mortimore was fatally burned on Saturday evening while lighting a fire with kerosene.

DROWNED.

Ry the capsizing of a yacht during the storm yesterday afternoon, George Snyder, a lad sixteen years of age, was drowned.

THE *Guardian* newspaper contains a translation of Bishop Strossmayer's celebrated speech in the Roman Council on the Pope's infallibility. It fills four and a half columns of small type. The Bishop declared frankly that the episcopate of St. Peter at Rome was a matter of tradition only, and went on to say: "I have sought for a Pope in the first four centuries, and I have not found him." In conclusion, Dr. Strossmayer said: "Ah! if He who reigns above wishes to punish us, make his hand fall heavy on us, as he did to Pharaoh, He has no need to permit Garibaldi's soldiers to drive us away from the Eternal City. He has only to let them make Pius IX, a god, as we have made a goddess of the Blessed Virgin."

WE regard the erection of public drinking fountains throughout the city as one of the most auspicious signs of the times, and hope that the day is not far distant when Pier, Dannals & Co's cream ale will flow as freely, as water at each of them now does.

HORSE AND BUGGY FOR SALE.—A splendid mare, fast safe and sound in saddle or harness by Dr. Keyser, 167 Liberty street.

☞ *ADVERTISEMENTS on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, TO-LET &c., will be inserted at transient rates only—TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than THIRTY CENTS.*

WANTS.

WANTED—To Loan $40,000 in sums of from $3,000 to $10,000. THOS. F. STEWART, Dealer in Real Estate, &c., 48 Fifth avenue. jy17:w29

WANTED.—MORTGAGES.—In sums of from $1,000 to $20,000. Will loan on liberal terms. JAMES M. CHRISTY. Office in Basement, corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street. jy14:w14

WANTED—EDITOR.—For a new Republican Daily Paper as a partner or on salary. Enough subscribers and advertisements have already been secured to make the enterprise a success. Address J. PALMER, Steubenville, O. jy14:w11

WANTED.—Girls for the city and country, to do cooking, housework, &c., several men and boys with reference want pieces. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, (formerly St. Clair), first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED.—In a Wholesale Philadelphia CLOTH HOUSE, Two Experienced Salesmen, That can influence Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania trade. Reference required. Address, name and full particulars

jy13 s s 3 BOX 1735, PHILADELPHIA P. O.

WANTED—MORTGAGES.

2 of $300 each for 2 or 3 years.
2 of $1500 each for 2 or 3 years.
1 of $1000 for 2 or 5 years.
1 of $3000 for 2 or 5 years.
1 of $5000 for 2 or 3 years.
1 of $8,000 for 2 years.

jy21 THOS. K. PETTY, No. 179 Smithfield street.

WANTED.

RAGS! RAGS!

Highest cash price paid for good rags, in large or small quantities, at

H. R. McCLELLAN & CO.,

362 PENN STREET.

☞ We have also the best and largest stock of BROWN MATERIAL and WRAPPING PAPER in the city, to which we call the attention of the trade. Call and see us

my6:67 H. R. McCLELLAN & CO.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—FOUR ACRES AND FIVE PERCHES, a few minutes' walk from Laughlin's Station,

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1871.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE.

AUDITOR GENERAL.
DAVID STANTON, of Beaver Co.
SURVEYOR GENERAL.
ROBT. B. BEATH, of Schuylkill Co.

COUNTY.

STATE SENATORS:
JAMES L. GRAHAM.
MILES S. HUMPHREYS.
ASSEMBLY:
First District—JAMES TAYLOR.
Second District—M. EDWARDS.
Third District—JOHN GILFILLAN,
D. N. WHITE,
H. K. SAMPLE,
J. W. BALLANTINE,
ALEX. MILLAR.
CONTROLLER—HENRY WARNER.
TREASURER—SAMUEL KILGORE.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—THOMAS M. BAYNE.
ASSIST. DISTRICT ATTORNEY—J. R. FLACK.
COMMISSIONERS—JOSEPH DILWORTH.
JAMES McGUNIGLE.
SURVEYOR—ROBERT CLUGSTON.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR—J. G. MURRAY.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49½.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 112¼.

THE Grand Jury system has been abolished in Wisconsin. A dozen years ago this was agitated, and only consummated now. Good arguments can be produced to prove that Grand Juries are useless appendages of our Courts.

HON. JAMES G. BLAINE is prominently mentioned for the nomination to the Vice Presidency. We think a better selection could not be made. He has proved himself a Statesman of no mean merit, and as a presiding officer, he fairly divides the honors with Mr. Colfax.

THE *Age* says: "The Radical press are exceedingly anxious to suck and squeeze an orange." The Democratic people, on the 12th inst., seemed to hanker after orange juice, more than a little, themselves. But it was blood oranges they wanted, although a little more grape was what they ought to have had.

"THE Mercer *Press* instead of withdrawing its charges, that the editor of this paper, was moved by "personal fear and personal interest" in voting with the majority in the late Democratic State Convention, intimates that the initial resolution is an absurd vagary, passed by a stupid and ignorant majority. We can have no discussion with gentlemen who hold such views."

The *Post*, from which the above is clipped, begins to see that the Democracy are not as united on the "Departure," as it wanted the public to believe. The Mercer paper not only dissents, but does it in the old Democratic way, and thinks that the folks who adopted the Ninth resolve did so through "personal fear and personal interest," and in that they were "stupid and ignorant." No wonder our neighbor will not discuss the question with gentlemen holding such views. They speak out too plainly for the *Post's* readers.

THE EVIDENCE of Captain Tallifero, an officer in the Confederate service, before the Ku Klux investigating committee, is of itself sufficient proof of the existence of this hideous order throughout the South. He states that he is a member of the order, and that its purpose is to secure and direct the negro vote. Within the past year in that county, fifteen colored men were killed and a number whipped. He gave the details of the organization, signs, grips, etc. He cites several instances of inhuman barbarity inflicted on the colored people, because they would vote the Republican ticket and says no prosecution can be had in that county against a member of the order, because no person dare prosecute. In the face of these facts, will the Democracy persist in denying the existence of this hellish order, or the necessity for the government to interfere and break it up?

THE THREE Indian chiefs lately arrested by order of General Sheridan, have all been shot and killed, whilst attempting to overpower their guard and make their escape. Their names were Sautauk, Satanta and Big Tree. It is told that in endeavoring to release themselves from their irons they actually gnawed their flesh from their limbs and thus succeeded, but before they could get away they were shot by the guard as above. They were desperate villians and their death will not be regretted. If a few more such as they were killed off, there might be some reason to hope that the remainder could some day be brought under the influences of civilization, to lead quiet and useful lives. But so long as these turbulent and savage creatures, who place no more value on a human life than they do upon a bat, are permitted to live and exercise their sway over their superstitious followers, much good cannot be expected from our savage brethren.

THE editor of the *Post* expects to start for the mountains, or the sea-shore, or somewhere, soon. He was so completely exhausted after writing his two column editorial on Sunday that rest is absolutely necessary. He was four mortal hours endeavoring to prove that the Orange procession was wrong, but yet it was right—that Hoffman did right, but so did Oakey Hall; that the Hibernians were right in opposing the Orange procession, but the Orangemen did nothing wrong. No doubt to his readers he succeeded in accomplishing all of these things. After such a tremendous feat, we think his brain needs rest, and his versatility needs pruning. We enjoyed the thing hugely, but pitied the author, that he had to go it "single handed and alone," as we know how that works. We think "Know Nothingism" haunts our neighbor and addles his brain. Rest and relaxation will do him good. Another such effort, would take him off and we would greatly regret that.

WE have received the particulars of the fight with the Coreans, on the China coast, and think our navy treated the miscreants just as they deserved. After agreeing to permit our boats to pass up the river on their peaceful mission, they fired upon them without the least provocation, and without notice to our people, who turned upon the loons and administered such a wholesome rebuke that even a "Heathen Chinee" is not likely soon to forget. Their respect for the "Melikans" is of a more substantial character than it was formerly. These barbarians must be taught that they must not stand in the way of science and progress, and that guns are only to be used against enemies, not to be fired off, double shotted, in the face of friends, for the fun of the thing. It is hard for us to think of these people in any other light than as enemies to mankind, but we ought not to forget that their entire training has taught them to set their faces against every foreigner. Therefore some allowance may be made for their ignorance and superstition, but nevertheless they must be taught that other peoples besides themselves have rights, and if it is necessary to shoot this belief into them through the medium of gunpowder, so let it be—the sooner the better.

THE recent report from Munich that the liberal Catholics there had determined to cut the rope that binds them to Rome, established a Reformed German Catholic Church, and demand from the Bavarian Government a share of the Church property, is most important if true. Such action has long been looked for, and would have been taken some time ago had it not been for the terrible and all absorbing Franco-German war. The national feeling among the German Catholics, as opposed to ultramontanism or Italianism, has for years been making great progress. Its murmurings against the actions of the Italian party grew louder and louder until they formed themselves into the indignant protest and sturdy opposition with which Ultramontanism found itself obliged to contend at the meeting of the Ecumenical Council. The stand taken by some of the German Bishops at that Council, will be remembered by all. They did not believe in Papal Infallibility and they said so, fighting the promulgation of the dogma as long as possible. Since that time the breach between Germany and Rome has rapidly widened until this declaration of separation, and the denial of the supreme authority of the Bishop of Rome, was the only course left open to the Germans.

Of course, as in the time of Luther, this protest does not come from all the Catholics in Germany, but the new branch of the old church embraces many of the greatest minds and most noted theologians and students in the Empire, while among the people there is a very wide spread feeling of uneasiness and distrust, produced by the dogma of infallibility, which will doubtless find relief in this new departure.

In Bavaria the local effects may prove serious. The King, himself, undoubtedly favors the German party, but the Ultramontanes or Jesuits, are very powerful both at court and among the people, and they are intriguing against the popularity of the bachelor monarch in order, if possible, to compel his abdication, which would be followed by the elevation of the King's brother to the throne, which it is thought would make the pious Queen-mother's influence paramount. Thus it will be seen that the demand for the division of the property of the church, is one calculated to produce the most complicated and serious results in the kingdom, and the whole question assumes an importance there, which is only dwarfed by its aspect when viewed in relation to Germany or the world.

IMPERILED LIBERTIES.

A little while ago a loud wail was started among the Democratic papers throughout the land, indicating that some dreadful act had been done by the dominant "Radical party" in Congress, under which our rights were to be restricted, and our liberties imperilled. A wail that resounded from ocean to ocean, and like the "lay of the last minstrel" had well nigh drawn us over to its side by its sympathetic tones, and its sorrowing notes of grief. The cause of this mourning was the passage by the law makers of the land, of the dreadful Ku-Klux bill, under which the crimes charged upon a certain midnight, dark lantern order in the Southern States, were to be investigated, and reported to Congress at its next session. It was charged by the Democratic newspapers that the "Imperial Despot"—meaning thereby President Grant—intended to visit the south with fire and sword, and snatch from it the liberties which had been bequeathed by the "sires of the revolution." It was charged that a standing army was to be stationed in the Southern States, to dominate over the people and devour their substance. It was charged that Courts were to be overawed, and juries to be incarcerated for doing their duty. It was charged that that the States were to be stripped of their identity, and a centralized Monarchy to be reared over their ruins. In a word the wail pictured the South as a scene of mourning for their lost liberties, the freedom of the press, of the pulpit, of the forum were all to be taken from them, and their people were to be reduced to the condition of abject slaves.

Now what is the result of this enactment of Congress, which gave rise to all of this grief and mourning? What rights have been taken away, what liberties threatened?

A committee has been appointed with our own moderate, temperate and sedate Senator John Scott at its head, who are, without clamor, or cannon, holding daily sessions, and listening to the oaths and affirmations of sundry leading Southrons, and thereby obtaining information on various subjects, which by and by they propose to lay before Congress and the people, to the end that truth may prevail, and the country become informed of the existing state of affairs, touching the troubles and disputes said to have been taking place between the Whites and the Blacks in that far off region known as "Dixie's Land." This is all, and from present indications this is likely to be all that will ever come out of this "terrible usurpation." The Courts remain, and are likely to continue in undisturbed possession of all the rights that belong to them, the "Imperial Despot" showing no disposition to interfere with them. The army instead of visiting the South with fire and sword are still pursuing their wonted pastimes among the savages of the frontiers, giving no evidence of any intended visit among those of the Southern States. The "liberties bequeathed by their sires," remain as yet undisturbed and are daily enjoyed by rebel and unionist alike in the South. The "Southern substance" remaineth undevoured by the "vandal horde" of the North, and they are permitted to enjoy their hoe cake, as of yore, their fathers did. The States as yet retain their identity—a Georgian is a Georgian still, not having as yet taken his submissive "departure." The "centralized monarchy" is as yet an imaginative thing, juries are still untrammelled, and the press is permitted to utter words still, which appear to people of sense, as foolish, as the utterances which we are attempting to disprove.

Among the results so far had by this action of Congress we have room only for a brief mention of the following:

First.—It has been proved beyond a peradventure that all that has been charged against the midnight assassins known as the Ku-Klux-Klan, is true.

Second.—That the life of a colored man, woman and child is not thought the least of by this desperate gang of cut throats.

Third.—That the authorities of the South have so far proved either unable or unwilling to protect the lives and property of the people.

Fourth.—That this infernal spirit which pervades these villians, known generally as Ku-Klux, is directed against the blacks because the latter lean towards the Republican party.

Fifth.—That Democrats generally throughout the South have either become active members of this "Klan," or have given its members tacit consent by applauding their nefarious acts.

Sixth—That no Republicans are members of this midnight, dark lantern villianous society, but its members are all Democrats.

Seventh.—That unless the courts and authorities prove able and willing to protect the lives of the freedmen and unionists of the South, the Constitution of the United States will be invoked, and the power of the government will be felt, as it was between the years of 1861 and 1865, when similar miscreants were attempting to sap the foundations of our liberties.

And what patriot would object? Must we stand idly by and see our people hung, shot and mangled by a set of savages, who, acknowledging no allegiance to authority, yet claim when arrested, the benefits of the laws they have villainously outraged? Must we permit whole families to be murdered, men, women and children, simply because they claim to be Republicans? Will human nature stand this sort of thing? Ought a people to suffer thus when the means of prevention are at hand? We hope the government, when the time comes, will assert its power, to the end, that every citizen, black or white, Democrat or Republican may enjoy the blessings of peace, liberty, and prosperity.

An Outrage on the Reading Public.

The American Press Association, which made such a brilliant start, and at one time bid fair to become so formidable a rival to the old Associated Press, in everything but its monopoly, has sadly degenerated both in the quality of its news and in the manner in which the organization is controlled. It is shameful that any officer of the Association should use it for personal or partisan objects; and yet we find in the Philadelphia papers of Tuesday evening a long dispatch glorifying Mayor Hall for his "prompt action" in preventing the Protestant parade, as it was thought, at the time, it had been prevented. The citizens of Philadelphia are informed that this prompt action met with general approval." It met with the approval of the little sheet controlled by the gentleman who inspired the dispatch in question; but we in New York know that this is the editor's lively sense of gratitude for favors to come from his Honor the Mayor. The public are also informed that the gentleman's paper contains a "double-leaded editorial" on the subject, and that it is believed no disturbance whatever would take place. The truth of the statement is equal to the veracity of the prophecy. We are sorry for the American Press Association. Such incompetent management (not to call it by a worse name) will soon ruin it in the eyes of its distant customers, as it has already in the eyes of its New York supporters.—N. Y. *Standard*.

When we remember that the above is from a paper, whose editor was the founder of the "American Press Association"—so called—we can account for the apparent decline in that institution, as exhibited daily by the papers who cling to its decaying trunk, most of whose telegrams are clipped bodily from the dispatches furnished by the "Associated Press." "*Sic transit gloria mundi.*" "*Vale.*"

BROWNSVILLE, PA.

Visit to Centreville and Beallsville, Wash. Co., Pa.

[Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]
JULY 14, 1871.

Centreville is situated on the National Road, six miles west of Brownsville, in Washington county. It is surrounded by a good farming community, where the people are busy gathering a fine harvest. All farm and field productions are abundant. The village has a population of two hundred. Buildings are moderate. Some are brick, the others are frame, perhaps one stone. There are several stores —variety of course—and shops of different kinds. There is but one church in the village, but two others not distant. The Good Templars have a lodge there. also the Odd Fellows—both in pretty good condition. Dr. Cotton and son attend to the sick. They live just out of the village.

Beallsville is also situated on the National Road, nine miles from Brownsville and fourteen from Little Washington. The Washington and Uniontown stage coach passes through both ways daily. Good farms are all around it. There are about six hundred inhabitants, four stores, two hotels, several shops of various kinds, three physicians, one church, Odd Fellows and Free Masons Lodges, a Grand Post, Good Templar Lodge, &c. The buildings are good, mostly brick. Altogether we conclude it is rather a pleasant little town. We were pleased with the fact that there are no licensed hotels or dram shops. They are not needed. More anon. Yours, &c. C.

15 71
Pittsburg July

Mr Gazette

I would call your attention to a falsehood that appeared in your to days paper you state that the Orangemen at Elms park July 12th 1870 repared quitely to to the ground to celebrate the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne but I say they did not

can you deny that they did not stop where Irish laborers were working and throw insults at them such as

to Hell with the pope and did they not also fire into the catholic churches now Mr Editor can you deny those facts if so I can find you proof for all I have said I wonder if you are not an orangeman if so you have also sworn to wade knee deep in Popish blood

you speak about a war of creeds which you say would be short & bloody now I am of a different opinion perhaps you may think that I am an Irish man but no I am not nor do I belong to any of their societies but I am for justice I myself would wade knee deep in any kind of blood to see Justice done it would have been good for the country had you never been sent to school then you could not write such audacious stuff

you may publish this if you like

A. Democrat

[Wishing all sides to be heard, we cheerfully comply with our correspondent's request and give him the benefit of a hearing.—ED.]

POLITICAL.

THE Louisville *Courier-Journal* reminds the Democratic organs that the Democratic party has at this time very pressing need of converts.

THE Albany *Morning Express*, thinking New York should have the Vice Presidency at the next term, presents the names of George W. Curtis and President White, of Cornell University.

IN his speech at Frankfort, Ky., Hon. G. W. Craddock unequivocally said that so far as Kentucky is concerned, the great body of the Democracy is opposed to the new departure, and that the discussion of the subject there will do much harm.

AN Iowa, Democrat, one of the old sort, is out in a letter denouncing "the pusillanimous departure of the shoddy Democracy of Iowa into the Republican camp," and recommending that a convention of the steadfast political followers of Thomas Jefferson be held at Des Moines, on the 13th of August, for nominations and campaign purposes.

THE Republicans of North Carolina are thoroughly aroused on the subject of the proposed illegal amendment of the Constitution of the State. The Democrats seem bent upon pushing through their violent programme, regardless of plain constitutional requirements, and a campaign against it is to be opened at Wesldon on Saturday next, when the legal points in the case are to be presented.

THE Louisville *Courier-Journal* thus revenges itself on the late reble Vice-President because he fights the new departure; we quote:

"It is said that the Hon. A. H. Stephens has gained nice pounds in weight since he became an editor. We should be glad to know that this is true, but we fear that when he weighed himself last he must have had one of his editorials in his pocket.

THE Boston *Traveller*, which has always supported General Butler, asserts that the attempt to nominate him for Governor is not in his interest or with his consent. It says, furthermore, that Gen. Butler cannot be spared from Congress, and that "there never was a greater need for his services in Congress than to-day." The *Traveller* follows this with a suggestion that Dr. Loring, of Salem, would be an acceptable candidate, and it would simply be doing an act of justice to nominate him.

FROM a Southern paper we clip the following little anecdote, which seems to be the parable of the "new departure:"

"A North Carolina negro, who has been a wandering idiot from a blow received on the skull while a servant in the Confederate army, was the other day subjected to a difficult operation at the hands of a skilful surgeon. His first gleam of intelligence after the result of the operation was as he opened his eyes and said: "We was done gone fo' at Manassas yesterday; wha' is we to-day?"

Could anything more delicately or graphically picture the condition of the Democratic party?

The New Protestants.

The Munich committee, which direct the religious movement opposed to the dogma of the infallibility of the Pope, have resolved to form a church and congregation of their own. Their reason for doing so is said to be a desire to compel the Government to show its colors, as in case such a religious society is formed, the authorities will be obliged either to grant it constitutional rights, or to dissolve it. The leaders are fully aware of the secessionist character of the course they have determined to pursue, and of the great difficulties which must arise from any attempt to divide the property of the Church; but they believe that the position in which they are placed renders a decisive step imperatively necessary.

GENERALITIES.

THE New York *World* says: The Howe family, from all over the country, are going to hold a pHowe wHowe at South Framington, Mass., on the 31st of August.

THE table on which the Versailles peace preliminaries were signed, has been presented to Prince Bismarck as a souvenir, and is placed in the reception room of the Princess, a small silver plate recording its significance.

MR. RICHARD WALLACE, lately made Commander of the Legion of Honor, is about, worthily to close the series of his benefactions to Paris and to France by rebuilding, at his sole cost, the palace of that order of knighthood.

WE really suppose that some manager must have engaged Miss Marie Marimon to sing in this country. What else can the following paragraph in the New York papers mean: Miss Nilsson's throne in London has been usurped by Mlle. Marie Marimon. She is singing at her Majesty's Opera, Drury Lane, where frantic crowds rush madly through scarcely opened doors, etc., etc.

THE discovery of an ancient outlet to Lake Superior is mentioned by Professor Winchell, the Director of the State Geological Survey of Michigan, in his last report. It is a deep valley, bordered with high bluffs, and runs from Lake Superior to Green Bay, in Lake Michigan, suggesting the practicability of a ship canal along the same route, with a view of shortening the voyage between the ports of the two lakes.

A LADY died two years ago in Troy, N. Y., and left her property to her nephew, with the proviso that if he ever offered the farm for sale the property should be forfeited to a certain church. The place was offered for sale a few months ago, and the church instituted suit, but the Courts have decided that the conditions of the will were against "public policy," and have declared the provision null and void.

THE following notice was sent to a bricklayer in Frankfort, the other day. He brought it to the authorities, who promised to protect him in his work: "Mr. Young—Sir: You are requested to quit work for ($4,50) four dollars and fifty cents a day on the job which you are now at work on, as we have quit the same job for more pay. Don't work any more, at your own risk, or we will make it hot for you.—Bricklayers.

THE Wytheville (Va.) *Dispatch* relates the following: Not far from us a young lady attempted to leave the parental mansion, at dead of night, by lowering herself from the chamber by means of a pulley and a rope fastened to the window. She had just reach the ground, where her lover awaited her, when her enraged sire appeared, seized the young man, fastened the hook to his clothing, and raised him skywards, leaving him dangling in the air until morning. The elopement is postponed indefinitely.

LORD DALLING (Sir Henry Bulwer) reports that it will be impossible to keep the Suez Canal open much longer if it continues in the hands of its present possessors, and recommends the Porte to purchase it, as the Khedive is not disposed to do so. He says that the means of the company are insufficient to prevent accumulations of sand which will inevitably choke up the canal unless additional capital and labor are provided. Lord Dalling also urges the Government to undertake the construction of a Euphrates Valley Railway, for which purpose he offers to place English engineers at the disposal of the Porte.

THE SUNNY SOUTH.

LOWERY, the North Carolina outlaw, went to a house in Robeson on Sunday before last, ordered dinner for himself and gang, and then went to a church near by and detained the congregation until sundown.

THREE Texan women were recently shot while robbing a house One of them, while dying, said: "My father forced me to steal for him before I was ten years old, and God surely will not punish me for my father's crime."

EIGHTY-NINE prisoners are now confined in the county jail at Memphis, an increase of twenty-two within a week. Of this number five are under indictment for murder in the first degree, and as many more for being accessories.

THE Norfolk *Virginian* of July 7th says A negro woman, sentenced at the last term of the Corporation Court to thirty days' imprisonment and twenty lashes, yesterday finished her term of imprisonment, and took the whipping. She laughed immoderately when sentenced, but yesterday she found that it was no joke.

THE Savannah (Ga.) *Republican* contains the following opinion of Judge Erskine, of the United States District Court, on the validity of contracts made for the purchase of slaves. It will be seen that the mind of His Honor is clear, and well supported by authority, that "if contracts entered into previous to the promulgation of the President's proclamation of emancipation, the consideration of which was the price and purchase money of slaves, were then valid under the Constitution and laws of the United States and of the State of Georgia the aid of the courts must be given, if demanded, to enforce them."

A FEW nights ago a party of burglars broke into a store in Bucklin, Mo., where a small boy was sleeping on the counter, and one of them stood over him with a pistol pointed at him for nearly an hour, threatening if he moved or cried out that he would kill him instantly. Meanwhile his accomplices piled a lot of combustibles in the middle of the floor, set fire to it, and left with their plunder. When the fire became so hot that the robber who remained to guard the boy could remain no longer, he concluded his work was accomplished and the boy's fate sealed, and left the building burning. A moment later the heroic little fellow rolled behind the counter, and, stooping down, made his escape, the counter protecting him from the flames, which now reached the ceiling. On gaining the street he gave the alarm, the citizens rallied, extinguished the fire, and then traced the robbers to a wood in which they had taken refuge. They were surrounded, but refused to give themselves up, and when the account closed the citizens were quietly awaiting daylight before making an attack.

Decadence of England.

The *German Correspondent* in reviewing the recent writing of "Scrutator" says, "We have one more observation to make. While severely blaming his Prussian Majesty for declining to reprimand the naughty Prince of Hohenzollern, at the command of Napoleon III. and Gramont, and refusing to furnish bail for the future good behavior of the Prince, *Scrutator*, by way of illustration, draws a picture portraying the just alarm and indignation which, according to him, would prevail in Germany if one of the young English princes were invited by the Dutch to accept the Crown of Holland. We are far from being convinced that such an incident would excite the immense emotion in Germany he supposes, but let that pass. If the illustration has any point at all, if the analogy be an analogy, it means—or else it means nothing at all—that should Prince Bismarck express his dissatisfaction with such an arrangement, and make a speech in the Reichstag somewhat resembling that of Gramont in the *Corps Legislatif*, that England, sooner than draw the sword, would cry *peccavi*, withdraw her candidate, eat any amount of humble pie required, and give any securities for the future that might be demanded. It is true that *Scrutator* shrinks from saying all this in words, but if it be not a fair and legitimate inference, his illustration is sadly at fault. Do Englishmen accept the author of this pamphlet as a true exponent of English feeling and English ideas? If so, we have arrived in sad and sober earnest, at the *decadence de l'Angleterre*.

A Startling Exclamation.

The New Orleans *Bulletin* publishes the following anecdote of the celebrated Dominican friar, Rocco, of Naples:

"One day he was preaching to a crowd in the market place. 'This day,' said he, 'I will see if you truly repent your sins.' Thereupon he commenced a penitential discourse that made the hair of the hard-hearted multitude stand upright; and when they were all on their knees, gnashing their teeth, beating their breasts and putting on all imaginable signs of contrition, he suddenly cried. 'Now you who truly repent of your sins hold up your hands.' There was not one present who did not immediately stretch out both arms, 'Holy Archangel Michael,' then exclaimed Rocco, 'Thou who with thy adamantine sword standest by the judgment seat of God, hew off every hand that has been raised hypocritically.' Instantly every hand dropped, and Rocco pour-d forth a fresh invective against the sinfulness and perversity of his audience."

Baneful Curiosity.

Curiosity, laudable in its object, has done a grievous injury to a Missouri countryman, who went down to St. Louis, the other day, to get a divorce from his wife. While walking to the Court-room he espied a huge sea-turtle reposing upon its back in front of a restaurant, and allured by the sight, stopped to examine it thoroughly. Meanwhile his wife was at work for herself, and when finally he hurried on to the Court-room, he learned, to his dismay, that the case had been decided against him, and his wife had obtained a divorce. He did not care so much about the loss of his wife, as he had engaged another in anticipation of getting a divorce himself; but as the wife had obtained a decree against him, he was by the law precluded from taking unto himself another rib until the lapse of five years. He was almost frantic, as he had his wedding clothes ready, and was to have been married the next day. His lawyer made a motion for a re-hearing, and it was set for argument in two days. But the women was again too smart for him, for she, too, had a husband in waiting, and as soon as the decree was announced she went out and married her man, without stopping to examine the anatomy of a turtle, or any other fish.

THE BEST TRUSSES IN THE WORLD.

If there is any infirmity that needs care and extra attention it is that of Rupture of the bowels, as there can hardly be any protrusion of them, even for an hour, without endangering life and exposing the patient to imminent peril. We have examined hundreds of persons who have gone all the rounds in the vain endeavor to obtain suitable Trusses to retain their rupture, and without being successful. Not one of these cases but could have been cured in the early stage of rupture, and even after years of neglect many of them can be cured, if they will only make application to some one thoroughly conversant with the malady in question. What, to most persons, is the expense of a few dollars for a well-fitting Truss, properly applied, when in many cases it is the means of saving a life and adding to his comfort for years? The prevailing belief that rupture is incurable has done incalculable mischief by making persons careless with regard to the same; whilst, if they did try to get well, they can certainly be no worse off for having made the attempt. There are so many cases that resemble rupture that we would advise all our readers to make application to a competent establishment, such as Dr. KEYSER'S, 167 Liberty street, where Trusses from two to twenty dollars can be obtained.

THE NEW DRINK.

THE NEW DRINK.
VOTE FOR IT.
VOTE FOR IT.
EGG MEAD.
EGG MEAD.
YES.
DRAWN COLD LIKE SODA.
Better than Soda or Ottawa, and sells better too! Nutritious, Wholesome, Delicious, Novel. Try it at Apothecary Store of

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
Corner of Penn and Sixth streets (Old St. Clair.)

MIDSUMMER MALADIES.

The hot solar rays that ripen the harvests generate many distressing diseases. If the liver be at all predisposed to irregularities, this is the season in which bilious attacks may be anticipated. A weak stomach, too, is weakest in the summer months, and the loss of vitality through the pores by excessive perspiration is so great, that a whol some tonic, containing also the properties of a diffusive stimulant and general exhilarant, is in many cases necessary to health, and under no circumstances should be dispensed with by the sickly and debilitated. Of all the preparations intended thus to refresh, sustain, and fortify the human frame, there is none that will compare with Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters. They have been weighed in the balance of experience and not found wanting; have been recommended from the first as a great medicinal specific, not as a beverage, and in spite of interested opposition from innumerable quarters, stand, after a twenty years trial, at the head of all proprietary medicines intended for the prevention and cure of all ordinary complaints of the stomach, the liver, the bowels, and the nerves. In the unhealthy districts bordering the great rivers of the South and West, Hostetter's Bitters may be classed as the standard one for every species of intermittent or remitten fever. The people who inhabit these districts, place the most implicit confidence in the preparation—confidence that is increased every year by the steady, large sales of fresh supplies.

As bitters, so called, of the most pernicious character, are springing up like fungi in every side, the public is hereby forewarned against the drams-shop frauds. Look for Hostetter's Bitters, see that the label, etc., are correct, and remember that the genuine article is never sold in bulk, but in bottles only.

SELLERS'
Imperial Cough Syrup

Has given relief to thousands who have used it, and the proprietor is persuaded it let it has the power to impart benefit that cannot be claimed for the cough mixtures in general use.

Most of the mixtures sold for coughs are composed of spirituous and inflammatory articles, which, while they give little relief, really do harm.

THE IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP.
Contains no spirituous ingredients whatever, and may be used in all cases not requiring active medical treatment.

Lindsays Impr'd Blood Searcher.

Cures Erysipelas, Scrofula, Ulcers, Cutaneous Diseases, Sore Eyes, Pimples on the Face, Scald Heads, Mercurial Diseases, Debility, Salt Rheum, etc.

Johnson's Rheumatic Compound.

One house in Massachusetts sold fifty bottles JOHNSON'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND with the agreement, NO CURE, MONEY REFUNDED, and had only three bottles refunded. Why endure aching limbs and stiff joints when there is such a certain remedy.

Sold by all Druggists.
PREPARED ONLY BY
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
No. 43 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.
TTHS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER &
VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES.
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF,
HUGUS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES; FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Specialties for Tuesday
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

At 8½c., Striped Grenadines.
At 12½c., Striped Hernanies.
At 25c., Figured Grenadines.
At 25c., Striped Hernanies.
At 62½c., Plain Black Hernanies, worth $1 25.
At 12½c., Light Delaines.
At 12½c., Dark Delaines.
At 6¼c., Fast Colored Prints.
At 8½c., Best Prints.
At 15c., Extra Wide Toweling.

BOYS' WEAR,
Men's Wear.
Tickings,
Shirtings,
Table Linens,
Towelings,
Checks and
Flannels,
ALL AT OLD PRICES,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

LOUISVILLE
CEMENT.
The Best--The Cheapest.

The Cement has acquired the reputation as the first in the country in its chemical strength and uniform reliability.

It is now in general use from the lakes to the Gulf, most of the public works in the West and South being constructed with it.

The mills at Louisville having been enlarged and improved, can supply any demand, and though the Cement has always, for 30 years, brought higher prices than competing brands, it is from this time the determination of the manufacturers in order to largely increase the sale and extend the use of their Cement, to furnish it in the principal markets at prices which place it in the most available and economical for all classes of work.

The large capacity of this Cement for taking sand renders it much the cheapest that can be used for buildings of any kind.

At the reduced prices in Pittsburgh its cost is not much above common lime, which makes it unquestionably to the interest of owners and builders, since the foundation of every good house should be laid in this Cement.

A large stock of fresh Louisville Cement has just been received by barges from Louisville, and is offered at greatly reduced prices by the following dealers:

LAING & McKALLIP, 347 Liberty street.

J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

W. W. WALLACE, 319 Liberty street
MWF

American Watches.
Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,
OF ALL GRADES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At the Lowest Prices in the City.
THE
"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."
This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Brodsham. Its extensively sold and highly admired by the wearers of them in this city.
FOR SALE BY
MEYRAN & SIEDLE.
Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.
ap22-107

STEAM HEATING.
Craig Brothers,
129 SECOND AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH,
Are prepared to contract for heating with the unrivalled apparatus, public or private buildings by indirect or direct radiation.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Gold's Patent Cast Iron Radiator.
Would refer to the following buildings heated by us:
PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE,
LIBRARY HALL BUILDINGS,
SEMPLE'S DRY GOOD HOUSE
ALLEGHENY COUNTY COURT HOUSE
SECOND WARD SCHOOL BUILDING,
With Numerous Private Buildings.
au28:32-TTH

BAGS.
Cotton Seamless Bags have advanced, but being fortunate enough to have a large stock (about 11,000) on hand, we are selling them at the old prices. We manufacture a Bag called the Philadelphia, a Bag which is equal, if not superior, to any in the market. Of them we have three sizes, 2, 2½ and 3 bushels.
We also manufacture Paper Bags, Ropes and Twines.
JOHN T. BAILEY & CO.,
347 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh: N. E. corner Market and Water Streets, Philadelphia.

FIRE CLAY
WATER PIPES,
Chimney Flues,
AND
CHIMNEY TOPS.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap11:q12-TTHS 133 SECOND AVENUE.

Looking Glasses,
PICKERSGILL, LYONS & CO.,
No. 141 WOOD STREET,
Invite the attention of the public to their large assortment of Looking Glasses and Picture Frames. Embracing many new styles. Also, American, German and French Chromos, which we offer at reasonable prices.
FINE MANTLE AND PIER GLASSES a specialty.
jy4 p65-TTHS

JAMES H. RANKIN,
DEALER IN
House Furnishing Goods,
CUTLERY, PLATED WARE,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
WALNUT GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.
No. 6 Sixth (St. Clair) Street
ap25:q26-TF PITTSBURGH, PA.

C. C. BOYLE.....JAS RICHEY, Jr.
C. C. BOYLE & CO.,
Lumber Dealers,
Allegheny City, near Suspension Bridge
Shaved and Sawed Shingles, Patent Siding, Flooring, and all kinds of Dry Lumber now on hand.
fe25:84-TF

$100 to $250 PER MONTH guaranteed. Sure pay to all ambitious men and women selling our world renowned Patent Silver Mould White Wire Clothes Line. Business permanent. For full particulars, address the GIRARD WIRE MILLS Philadelphia, Pa.
au27-eow

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Specialties for Tuesday
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

At 4c., Linen Handkerchiefs.
At 6c., Linen Collars.
At 25c., School Hats.
At 12½c., Good Lisle Gloves.
At 50c., Good Kid Gloves, colored.
At 50c., Stamped Poplin Skirts.
At $1.50, All Wool Shawls, slightly imperfect.

Lama Shawls,
Lama Jackets.
Lama Shawls,
Lama Jackets,
AT VERY LOW PRICES,
Direct from Importers.

NEW PARASOLS,
NEW UMBRELLAS,
NEW HATS,
NEW RIBBONS, &c.
A Full Stock at Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

DRY GOODS
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
Offer their
New Spring Stock
AT EASTERN PRICES.
Lowest in Nine Years.
No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON,
J. G. STEPHENSON.

10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	These are the				$2.00
10	25	LEADING PRICES				$2.00
10	25	AT				$2.00
10	25	EVANS'				$2.00
10	25	DEPARTMENT				$2.00
10	25	STORE,				$2.00
10	25	56 Fifth Avenue,				$2.00
10	25	MASONIC HALL.				$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00

BAILEY & CO
Chestnut and 12th Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA,
JEWELERS & SILVERSMITHS,
Have completed arrangements with leading Makers in Europe, by which they are now enabled to offer
Fine Watches,
At very moderate prices.
Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
Goods sent by Express on approval.
Strangers are cordially invited to visit our establishment.
Watches.
TTHS

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the Purposes of a Family Physic, curing

Costiveness, Jaundice

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
au18:all

$100,000
Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.
SIX PER CENT. BONDS,
(TURTLE CREEK DIVISION)
These Bonds are a first lien on the road now fully completed and in running order, and take precedence of the 7 per cent. bonds, are dated 1858, for thirty years, with interest, payable February and August.
For Sale at 86 and Accrued Interest.
IRA R. McVAY & CO.
my17:6

James T. Brady & Co.,
BANKERS,
Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.
Financial Agents of United States
FOR
FUNDED LOAN
Of 1880, 1885 and 1900.
SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

Finance and Trade,
OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 17, 1871.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Saturday.	Monday.
Bonds—1881	115	115
5-20—1862	114¾	114¾
" 1864	113¾	113¾
" 1865	113¾	113¾
" 1865 new	112¾	112¾
" 1867	112¾	112¾
1868	112¾	113
10-40's	113¼	113¼
Currency 6s	114	114
Gold	112¾	112¾
RAILWAYS		
New York Central	96¾	96¾
Do Scrip	91¾	91¾
Erie	29¾	29¾
Reading	111½	112
Lake Shore	108¾	109
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	131¾	130¾
Rock Island	103¾	103¾
Chicago & N. W.	71¾	72
Do. Preferred	90¾	90¾
St. Paul, Common	59¾	59¾
Do. Preferred	80¾	80¾
Wabash	59¾	59¾
Do. Preferred	82	82
Total	9,516.	44
Ohio & Mississippi	43¾	43¾
Pacific Mail	44¾	45
West. Union Telegraph	58¾	58¾
Adams Express	81	81
U. S. Express	53¾	53¾
Wells, Fargo	49	50

Closing quotations as received by James T Brady & Co:

Gold	112¾	5-20 Jan. & July, '65	112¾
U. S. 6s, 1881	115	5-20 Jan. & July, '67	112¾
U. S. 5-20 1862	114¾	5-20 Jan. & July, '68	113
U. S. 5-20 1864	113¾	U. P. R. R.	99
U. S. 5-20 1865	113¾	C. P. R. R.	90
U. S. 10-40	113¾	Cy Pacifics	114¾

NEW YORK, July 17, 1871.

Gold was weaker to-day, being offered at 112¾ and closing at 112¾. Loans were made at 1@2 per cent. Clearances $34,500,000. Exports light. The shipments for to-morrow have helped to depress the market.

Governments dull and firm. Ten-Forties have advanced slightly. In the Treasury Department it is officially announced that Secretary Boutwell will suspend further purchases of bonds should they remain above par in gold.

In stocks there is scarcely enough doing to give tone to the market. The whole list, excepting Erie, Pittsburgh, and Union Pacific, are steady and dull, the first two advancing and the latter breaking to 28¾, under sales by a bear clique, who raided the stock, hoping to create a general decline. A good number of professional speculators of the out-of-town cliques are holding on patiently, as he hope of securing the short interest. The back bone of the market is the Lake Shore, which is held by a strong pool. The market closed dull but firm.

Money plentiful at 2@3.

State Bonds dull, with the exception of Missouri and Tennessee, which were strong and active.

Sterling Exchange 110¾.

GOVERNMENTS.—Coupons of 1881, 115; 5-20s of '62, 114¾; '64, 113¾; '65, 114; new do, 113¾; '67, 113¾; '68, 113¾; 10-40s, 113¾; currency 6s, 114.

STATE BONDS.—Mississippi, 93¾; Tennessee, old 72, new 37; Virginia, new 73, old 66¾; North Carolina, old 45¼, new 37.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph 89¾; Quicksilver 12¾; Mariposa 4; do preferred 8¾; Adams Express 81; Wells Fargo 50; American Merchants Union 52¾; United States 53; Pacific Mail 45¼; New York Central 96¾; Erie 29¾; Reading 111¾; Michigan Central 113¼; Lake Shore 108¾; Illinois Central 132¾; Cleveland & Pittsburg 130¾; North-western 71¾; preferred 90¾; Rock Island 103¾; New Jersey Central 105¾; St. Paul, 59¾; do preferred, 80¾; Wabash, 59¾; do preferred 81¾; Fort Wayne, 100; Terre Haute, 24; do preferred, 56; Chicago and Alton, 132¾; do pref., 125¾; Ohio and Mississippi, 44; C. C. & C., 87 ex. div.; Burlington and Quincy, 158; Lake Shore, 108¾; Illinois Cen., 132¾, div.; Union Pacific, 28¾; C. P. Bonds, 120¾ or 106¾; Union, 88¾.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 17, 1871.

ASHES—Common Soda ask. 4@4¼; refined, 4¼@4½; Pearls, 9; Pots, 7¾; Nitrals Soda, 4¾.

BUTTER—There is no improvement in the demand and no change to make in quotations, 12@14 for common to medium and 15@17 for prime to choice.

BEANS—Prime to choice Navy, $2.00@2.25 per bushel.

BROOM CORN—Sales at 5@7 cts.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 28@30.

CEMENT—Louisville, $4.00@4.25 per bbl.

CHARCOAL—Selected, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25@4.50.

BERRIES—Blackberries are coming in freely and fresh is good order, may be quoted at $1 per bucket, buckets returned.

COUNTRY MEAT—The stock of country meat, particularly that in good order, is small, but there seems to be little no improvement in the demand excepting for hams. Country Lard, 9@10 c.

CANNED GOODS—Tomatoes very scarce and we now quote at $2.75. Peaches dull out unchanged, $2 for 2 lb cans, and $3.00@3.25 for 3 lb cans. Corn unchanged, at $1.50@1.75.

CORN MEAL—Is still quoted in a jobbing way at 80@85 per bushel.

CANNON OIL—Is quiet and unchanged; standard brands, 24 cts, in a jobbing way.

CHEESE—Continues to arrive freely and, while the market is in store well glutted, there is no change to make in quotations; 10@12½ for prime Ohio Goenen; 9@10 for Factory and 8@9 for Dairy.

EGGS—The market continues exceedingly dull, and, notwithstanding the receipts are comparatively small, prices are barely maintained; fresh cannot be quoted above 15@16.

FLOUR—Is dull and weak, under the influence of the dullness both from the east and west, and lower prices are confidently predicted. Good spring extras, $6.75@7.00; choice bakers flour, $7.00@7.25; good to choice red winter wheat, $7.00@7.25. Rye Flour, in a retail way, $7.

FRUITS—There is a continued fair demand for green apples and we can report regular sales at $3@4 per bbl for common to prime. Dried Fruits—Apples, 4@5 cts per lb; Peaches, 10@12 cts per lb; Cherries, 20@22 cts per lb.

GRAIN—There is little or nothing doing—offerings light and not much inquiry for it. We continue to quote nominally at $1.20@1.25 for new crop red and $1.25@1.30 for old. There has been a decline of 2@3 cts per bushel in Chicago within the past few days. Oats, a shade firmer, in consequence of the advance in Chicago, but unchanged. No. 1 still quotable at 60 buying and 63 selling—65@68 for small lots, in store. Corn seems to be growing scarcer every day and we are reported sales of prime yellow shelled, free in elevator, at 70; mixed shelled cannot fairly be quoted above 68. No inquiry for ear nominally quoted at 61. No barley in market as yet, and, consequently, no established quotations; it is probable that new spring will open up at about 75 cts—we hear of one lot having been contracted for at that figure.

GROCERIES—Coffee: A firmness in the coffee market is occasioned by the favorable advice from South America, and holders are less inclined to offer in view of the prospect of higher prices while it is thought are certainly to be realized before long. The stock in the United States is large but the last news from Rio is to the effect that no large stock is accumulating, and but a small amount is now known to be due at our eastern and southern ports. Should these indications from what are considered the most reliable sources, be verified, the aggregate accumulation will soon be materially reduced, and a enhancement of values follow. Over 300,000 bags of Rio are held in first hands in this country, exclusive of quantities of other descriptions and say, 40,000 mats Java. Anactive business, with no further accumulation on the seaboard will place importers in a position to make up the losses sustained in the last three months. At our quotations an unusually large business is doing, for this season of the year, in this market. Sugars: Refined sugars are off ½ per lb, with no quotable change in raws. The trade throughout the Interior having been well supplied in refinds during the last two weeks, an accumulation at the refineries has begun—hence a depression, which will perhaps continue until buyers are moved to make further purchases. The estimated crop in Louisiana for the current year is 175,000 hhds—last year it amounted to 127,000 hhds. The difference will add very materially in placing sugar at a lower value next season than it has been for ten years. Syrups—Brune & Souza, H. & B. and Durants—about the best grades offered on this market —are kept well up to the figure, but other brands are easy and obtainable at a reduction.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 19¾; Prime, 18¾; Good, 18; Fair, 17½; Ordinary, 16¾@16¾.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS—White Honey, 72; Havemeyer & Elders, 72; Silver Drips, 69; other grades, 65@68.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 11¾; prime, 11¾; good, 10¾; fully fair, 10¾; Porto Rico Sugars, 10¾@11¾; Cubas, 10¾@11; Demarara, 11¾@12¾.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 14; A Coffee, 13½@13¾; Extra C, 12¾; C, yellow, 12¾.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, choice, 70; prime, 68; good, 65.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1.40; Good, $1 to Fair, $1. Lower grades down to 70cts.

G. P. Fancy, $1.20; good, $1.10; fair, $1; Imperial Fancy, $1.40; good, $1.20; fair, $1; Oolong fancy, $1.20; good, 90c; fair, 70@80c; Japan Fancy, 90c; good, 80c; fair, 70c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 10c; prime, 9¾c; good, 9c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 22c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves 20c. Cassia, 26c.

HAY—Baled is coming in pretty freely, and the market is barely can be quoted at $24@25 on wharf and track, according to quality and condition; sale of car-load prime at $24.

HONEY—We can report sales in a retail way at 22@30 cts per lb, for fair to choice.

HIDES, Green and Cured, 6@7¼; Green Butcher's, 6; Dry Flint, 21@22. Green Calf Skins, 14@15; Green Salted Calf, 17@18.

HOPS—Sales of prime to choice at 30@35.

HEMP—Is dull and low; sales of rough Kentucky at $165 per ton; dressed, 12¾ cts per lb.

LIME—Perrysburg white, $2.00@2.25 per bbl; Cleveland $2.25; Eastern, $1.75.

MILL FEED—Is dull and unchanged.

ONIONS—In better demand and higher; we now quote at $4.00@4.50 per bbl, for choice.

POTATOES—Continue dull, with a supply largely in excess of requirements; we now quote at $2.00@2.50 per bbl.

POULTRY—There is considerable inquiry for live chickens, and prices are firmly sustained; we quote at 55@60c for young, and 70@75c for old.

PROVISIONS—Plain Shoulders, 7¾; sugar cured shoulders, 10@11¾; 9@9¾ for ribbed sides, 10@10¾ for clear. Breakfast Bacon, 13¾c plain, and 14c sugar cured. Dried beef, 18@18¾. Lard, 11@11¾ in tcs, and 12@12¾ in kegs, and buckets. Dried Beef, 15@18¾. Mess Pork, $17@17.50.

PEA NUTS—11 cts. per lb.

RAGS—Sales, 4@4¼ cts per lb.

SEEDS—There is nothing doing in seeds Flaxseed would sell but there is none offering.

TOBACCO—Sale—Tennessee Sumac 45¾ cts. WILLOWS—Scarce and firm at 10 cts.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 17, 1871.

Brokers, dealers and refiners all agreed in reporting a very dull market to-day, not a single sale of any kind reported. Some of the commission houses stated that they had not received a single telegram from the east, and consequently, could not even give quotations, and, so far as we could learn, no one had received a dispatch from above in regard to the crude market. While, as compared with Saturday, there is no quotable change in prices the general tone of the market is continued weakness, and the general impression at present seems to be that prices will go still lower.

CRUDE.

Not a single operation reported. Seller all year offered at 12; buyer all year quoted at 11¾; seller 60 days at 12¾@13; no sales; nominally unchanged from Saturday, $4.85@4.90.

REFINED.

Nominal at 25¾ for July; 25¾@25¾ for August; 25¾ for September; October, 26. Lines for late months, 25¾@26.

OIL BARRELS.

Reported dull. City make, $1.70 bid and $1.75 asked. Country make, $1.90@1.95.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY A. V. R. R.

Monday	1,000 bbls
Tuesday	1,000 "
Wednesday	1,000 "
Thursday	1,000 "
Friday	1,000 "
Saturday	1,000 "
Total	6,000 "

ARRIVALS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 17, 1871.

FLOUR—Dull and nominal.

WHEAT—Excited and 4c higher; No 2 spring $1.16@1.17¾ cash; $1.17¾@1.17½ July. This afternoon unsettled; $1.16¾@1.16¾ July; $1.17 cash; $1.09@1.10¾ August.

CORN—Active and advanced 1c; No 2 mixed 51¾c cash or July; 5 ¾c August. This afternoon quiet and weak; 50¾@50¾c August; 51@51¾c July.

OATS—No 2 firm, but quiet, and 3@3¾c higher; 40¾c.

RYE—No 2 easier; 59@60c.

BARLEY—Quiet; 75c cash or August and September.

HIGHWINES—Held firmly at 91c.

PROVISIONS—Quiet and unchanged.

MESS PORK—Closed at $14.37½@14.50 cash; $14.62 August.

HOGS—A shade firmer; $4@4.75; receipts 9,000; shipments 6,000.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Cotton dull and declined; middling upland, 20¾c. Flour dull and drooping; superfine Western and State, $4.90@5.20; common to fair extra, $5.40@5.85; good to choice $5.70@6.00; white Western extra $6.00@6.80; Ohio extra $5.90@6.85; St. Louis $5.50@6.00; Rye Flour and Corn Meal unchanged; Wheat firm 94¾@96c; Wheat steady; spring No 1 prime, $1.45@1.46; No. 2, $1.40@1.41; red and amber, $1.45@1.50; white western, $1.40@1.55. Rye, barley and malt quiet. Corn firm; inferior and common western mixed, 68@70c; good to choice, 70¾@72c. Oats dull and a shade lower; western and Ohio, 64¾@70. Hay and hops quiet. Coffee firm; Rio, 18¾@19c. Sugar steady; fair to good refining, 10¾@10¾c; 9,300c. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Rice, 12@13c. Crude petroleum, 14½@ 14¾c. Refined, 25¾c. Pork nearly inactive; new $14.75@14.87; prime pork $12.25@13; prime mess new $16.25@16.50. Beef dull and unchanged; beef hams 10@13c; shoulders 6¾@6¾c; middles steady. Lard steady; prime steam 9¾@10c; kettle dried 11c. Butter—Receipts fairly 19@c. Butter heavy; receipts 9,000 pkgs; State 20@28c. Cheese dull at 8@11c.

LATER—Flour dull and unchanged at $5.40@ 6.00 for shipping extras. Wheat fairly active and unchanged. Corn dull; shipping western mixed 71@72c. Oats dull and weak. Pork quoted at 72@75 cts.

POTATOES—Continue dull, with a supply largely in excess of requirements; we now quote at $2.00@2.50 per bbl.

POULTRY—There is considerable inquiry for live chickens, and prices are firmly sustained; we quote at 55@60c for young, and 70@75c for old.

PROVISIONS—Plain Shoulders, 7¾; sugar cured shoulders, 10@11¾; 9@9¾ for ribbed sides, 10@10¾ for clear. Breakfast Bacon, 13¾c plain, and 14c sugar cured. Dried Beef, 15

HOME NEWS.

Housekeeping Goods.

Prices down at that Great Sale at McKee, Murphy & Co.'s.

Threw Up His Contract.—Mr. Creighton, to whom was awarded the contract for the carpenter work in the proposed Allegheny City Poor House, has thrown up the same for the reason that his bid was too low. The contract has, we understand, been given to the next lowest bidder, T. S Calhoun & Co., whose bid was nine thousand dollars higher than that of Mr. Creighton.

Peutonia Insurance Company.—At an election for directors of the Peutonia Insurance Company, held yesterday at the German Savings Bank of Allegheny, the following named persons were chosen: Adam Wiese, J. G. Fleiner, Aug. Hartje, Henry Ansnutz, H. F. Eggers, Gottlieb Faas, Fred. Beckert, Ch. Schaefer, Joseph Lauther, N. H. Voegtly, Adam Reineman, Henry Gerwig, Jr., and Damas Lutz.

Corner Stone Laying.—The corner stone of St. Bridget's Catholic Church, in this city, was laid Sunday afternoon, with appropriate impressive ceremonies, Bishop Domenec officiating. Several of the Catholic societies preceded by bands of music, turned out in procession and marched through the streets, making an imposing display. The Bishop delivered a very eloquent address on the occasion.

Fatal Accident to a Pittsburgher.

Mr. Barney Perry, an aged and well known citizen of this city, left Pittsburgh on Saturday morning to visit some friends in Fort Wayne, Ind. In getting off the train at Alliance in the evening for supper, he, from some cause, lost his footing and fell from the platform of the car to the ground, receiving injuries which resulted fatally on Sunday night. Mr. Perry was about seventy-two years of age, and had been for some time very infirm. He was for some years proprietor of the St. Nicholas Hotel in this city, and was highly esteemed by his many acquaintances.

Serious Accident.

A serious accident occurred yesterday evening in the Sixth ward, Allegheny, by which a German named Gottlieb Klein came very near losing a leg. He was engaged in working at some curb stones in Lake alley, and was in the act of removing a large curb stone, when it slipped from his hold and fell on his leg, crushing it badly. He was immediately conveyed to his residence, No. 97 Beaver avenue, and his injuries were attended to by Doctor Rigg. Having a family to support in the future, though it is hoped that he will not have to undergo the extremely painful necessity of having his leg amputated.

Railroad at Auction.

On Wednesday, the 26th inst., the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, including all its tracks, rails, depots, bridges, shops, and real estate in the State of Ohio, will be sold at public auction in Akron, Ohio; also all its branches and rights to leased lines, including the Cleveland and Mahoning Railroad. This section will be ordered to be sold by decree issued in the Common Pleas Court of Summit county, Ohio. The sale is subject to mortgages amounting to $1,191,655 50, and the appraised value of the road is $6,951,233. It is rumored that the road will go into the possession of the Erie management.

Allegheny Fire Department.

The Allegheny Committee on Fire Engines and Hose, who have for some time been engaged in the work of re-districting the city, have completed their labors, and the new arrangements for the regulation of the Fire Department are now perfected, and the companies will be instructed to respond as follows: To each steamer will be assigned the duty of responding to alarms sounded from certain fire boxes, which will hereafter be designated. The boxes and assignments will be so arranged that in every case of a fire the steamers will respond, the Columbia Hook and Ladder turning out on all occasions. When the alarm is first given in a locality of a fire companies not called out to "hook up," and hold themselves in readiness for a general alarm, and if this be not given in half an hour after the first alarm the companies not called out can retire. Only one thing is needed, and that is an alarm bell.

Mortuary Report.

The following is a list of the deaths, with their causes, for the week ending July 16, as reported by Dr. J. Guy McCandless, physician to the Board of Health:

Apoplexy, cerebral 1, of the lungs 1; congestion of the brain, 1; congestion of the brain, 1; cancer, 1; cholera infantum, 2; cirrhosis of liver, 1; consumption, 6; convulsions, 3; debility, 3; diarrhœa, 1; disease of the kidneys, 2; disease of the heart, 2; dysentery, 3; scarlet fever, 3; typhoid fever, 1; erysipelas, 1; hemorrhage, 1; inflammation of the brain, 1; inflammation of the brain and meninges, 4; inflammation of the lungs, 1; insanity, 1; marasmus, 6; measles, 3; old age, 1; premature birth, 4; smallpox, 4; sunstroke, 1; still birth, 1.

Of the above there were under 1 year, 43; from 1 to 2, 8; 2 to 5, 13; 5 to 10, 2; 10 to 20, 2; 20 to 30, 3; 30 to 40, 2; 40 to 50, 1; 50 to 60, 4; 60 to 70, 4; 70 to 80, 1; 80 to 90, 2.

Males, 60; females, 39; white, 76; colored, 2; total, 78.

The Yearly Increase of Population.

The following figures have been furnished us, showing the yearly increase of the city's population, aside from the number contributed by immigration.

In February of the present year the number of births in the city was 156; the number of deaths during the same period was 143. In March the births were 263, and the deaths 156; in April, births, 261, deaths, 148; in May, births, 269; deaths, 187. During the month of June the mortality list footed up 220.

The aggregate number of births during the four months of February, March, April and May is 913; the number of deaths during the same period is 653. Births in excess of deaths, 260.

Placing the average monthly mortality at 180, which are about the right figures when there is no epidemic, the deaths in a year would reach 2160. The average number of births per month, according to the data in hand, would be about 230, making 2760 in a year. The number of births, then, in excess of the deaths, for twelve months, would be 640.

The figures upon which this calculation is based, were obtained from the reports on file at the Health Office.

How to Invest Your Money.

In these days the ruling passion of all seems to be, how can I make the most money? The true secret of all business men's success is, to be industrious, attentive to business and be careful in investing their surplus funds. Many make money, and also, how many lose it. If a party has how to invest their money in something that will pay good interest, and at the same time be safe, he or she can make the have money to invest, that they employ some good man who thoroughly understands his business and whose advice they can rely on.

Mr. George B. Hall, the well-known Real Estate Stockbroker and dealer in Bonds and Mortgages, is a gentleman we can recommend to those who may want the services of a man of large experience, who always has money to loan on first class mortgages and commercial paper, and being thoroughly posted in the stock market, is an excellent man to employ as to buy or sell any kinds of stock in the Pittsburgh market. His office is corner of Third avenue and Wood street, second floor.

Fifth United Presbyterian Church.

The Fifth United Presbyterian Church, corner Washington street and Webster avenue, Pittsburgh, of which Rev. S. B. Reed is pastor, has just consummated the liquidation of a church debt, amounting to above $7,000, which for some years has crampled the energies and circumscribed the activities. Twelve years ago this now flourishing congregation was started as a mission enterprise. Many faithful and prayer and earnest unwearying toil it has now attained marked prosperity. For membership it is not inferior to that of any other of the same denomination in the city. To the devoted and earnest pastor of this church much of the success, under God, is due. His unobtrusive, humble and Christlike he has attained his great success by house-to-house visitation, not in the mansions of the rich and great, but in the lowly cottages of the poor where poverty and sickness and sorrow abound.

The thanks of the pastor and congregation are given through the GAZETTE to the following kind friends who liberally aided them to liquidate the above gratifying result—Mrs. Judge Denny, a donation amounting to $1,000, and Mrs. Gordon, Allegheny, a subscription of $500.

We rejoice in the great prosperity of this congregation and wish them unbounded success in the future.

Beaver Jottings.

Just now the beautiful plateau on which this town is built, is fragrant with the perfume of the spacious gardens which are attached to most of the cozy homes. Gradually the merits of this pleasant village are being discovered, and here and there elegant buildings are going up, and many an old house is made more slightly than in bygone days. Many persons of wealth and culture are residents of this place, and its educational facilities are of a superior character, which are greatly heightened by the close proximity to Allegheny.

Among the prominent features of interest known by a very wide circle outside of the place is the Beaver Seminary and Musical Institute, under the Presidency of Rev. Dr. R. T. Taylor, long known as a prominent educator in our State. The Institute has just closed a very successful year, with prospects of a large attendance at the approaching fall session. Much attention has been paid to the musical department of late. Mrs. Dr. Taylor, being an artiste of commendable merit. We understand the College buildings are open during the vacation for boarders, that is until about the first of September. It is a very pleasant place to spend the "heated term," and convenient for business men to stay with their families, and a number have availed themselves of the opportunity.

M. P. Church Property in Temperanceville.

The Trustees of the Methodist Protestant Church of Temperanceville, petition the Court of Common Pleas for power to sell and convey a certain piece of Church property in said borough. It appears that the congregation had no charter, and that the property is owned jointly by a few persons, some of whom refuse their consent to the transfer. At the time they acquired the property there was no Methodist Protestant congregation in Temperanceville, and there is only about ten persons of that persuasion, including the Trustees, viz: Richard Hawkins, George Sutton, and Peter Tuppan, Jr., and Mrs. Kelley. These few persons hoped that if they would build a church they would be able to obtain the services of a minister of their own, and the membership would increase, and a congregation could eventually be organized. The Trustees, Father Hickey, Mr. Hazzard and George Walsenscroft, and a very few others, furnished the pecuniary money for the said lot, and erected a small church thereon, but they were not able to procure the stated services of a minister and their membership did not increase. The few members with which they commenced were laboring people, and many of them have moved away, and therefore religious services have long since ceased in said church. The said Trustees therefore pray the Court to decree a sale of said property in fee simple, and that they be granted power and authority to execute a deed therefor, and after payment of the debts and costs, the remainder of the proceeds to be paid to any quarterly or annual Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church entitled to the same under the laws of said Church. The Court ordered the petition to be filed and that notice thereof be published in the Pittsburgh DAILY GAZETTE once a week for four consecutive weeks, at the expiration of which time the prayer of the petitioners will be granted unless exceptions be filed in the meantime.

THAT CONTESTED WILL.

Further Hearing—Motion to Dismiss the Caveat—No Decision Yet—Mr. Ihmsen on the stand.

The McCabe will case was up again before Register Gray yesterday morning, when Mr. McClurg, counsel for the executors, presented the following motion to dismiss the caveat:

And now, to wit, July 17th, 1871, counsel for the Executors named in said will move the Register to dismiss the *caveat* filed by Domenec Ihmsen, refuse the issue prayed for, and admit the will offered to probate, for the reason that no person interested or entitled to demand an issue asks that such issue be granted:

First—Mr. Ihmsen, as executor, named in the will previously made, has no such interest as entities him to request an issue.

The first will executed by the deceased was produced, and we give below the main points which it embraces. A comparison between it and the second shows that the bequests, with two exceptions, are the same in both papers. The bequests named in the first will are as follows:

1.—To Mrs. McCabe, $10,000

2.—To Annie McCabe $20,000, and household furniture.

3.—To Rose, his adopted daughter, interest on $5,000, the principal, in default of issue to be paid to the rector of St. Paul's Cathedral.

4.—To Mrs. McSwiggin, $3,000.

5.—To Catharine McGinty, $500.

6.—St. Paul's Orphan Asylum, $7,000.

7.—Mercy Hospital, $2,500.

8. M. Domenec, for Mass, $1,000.

9.—To St. De Paul Society, $1,000, as directed by the rector of St. Paul's Cathedral.

10.—To Rev. John Hickey, rector of St. Paul's Cathedral, $1,000.

The will further provided that all the rest and residue of the estate of testator, real, personal or mixed, of which he should die seized, was given, devised and bequeathed to his wife Bridget McCabe.

Second—Even if St. Paul's Asylum is a "person interested" within the meaning of the act of assembly and upon the allegations contained in the caveat, Domenec Ihmsen is not such "person interested" and the record here discloses no parties between whom an issue could be formed.

The Register reserved his decision.

There was an unexecuted codicil after the death of Mrs. McCabe, by which her share was given to the church. There was also a codicil as to what should be done with Annie's share in case she should enter a convent. Neither of these codicils were signed by the deceased.

Domenec Ihmsen, Esq., one of the contestants, was then called, and testified as follows: Knew James McCabe; became acquainted with him about 1857 or 1858, when I was elected one of the Board of Trustees of Orphan Asylum; Mr. McCabe was a member, and continued until the time of his death.

The witness was then asked as follows: If he knew whether or not Mr. McCabe was in favor of the collection of the claim which the asylum has against John C. Barr? In reply, witness stated that Mr. McCabe was one of the most persistent members of the Board in prosecuting the claim. After the death of Mrs. McCabe we were notified that we were requested that a codicil to the will should be written, and by direction of deceased he wrote the codicil providing for the sale of the estate left to his wife, on the back of an old envelope. Some days after the witness called with the codicil, but found the mind of deceased in rather bad condition, and he did not prosecute the matter. He went back frequently during the months of May and June up to the time of his death. Witness detailed conversations had with deceased, and gave it as his opinion that he was not of sound mind, memory and understanding during these interviews.

Mr. Ihmsen, continuing his testimony, said: As far as I can remember I called ten or twelve different times to have the codicil executed, but not have him sign it because I did not consider him fit to sign it; gave up having that codicil executed. Mrs. McCabe called to see me about McCabe's tones of expression very far from what a sane man would use; he would talk about men that were dead as if they were living, and would talk about the dead as if they could hear him; they were dead; in one of these conversations he told me of a trip he had made through Ireland and Rome. In the first conversation I referred he had just returned from there; I don't think he had been in Ireland since my acquaintance with him in 1857; at one time he gave a long description of how he could play the fiddle in Ireland; at another time he spoke of his visit to the Pope at Rome; to Ireland and home again, and said he had met Mr. James H. Hopkins in Rome. Witness went on to detail still other conversations of the same character. He did not consider him of sound mind, memory and understanding. Saw Mr. McCabe very frequently during 1870; observed very little change in his mental condition after that time; was present at the time Mr. Mitchell, McSwiggen and others had the family of Mrs. McSwiggin. Witness stated to Mr. Mitchell that he did not think Mr. McCabe was fit to make this will and that the rector of St. Paul's Cathedral, Father Hickey's room at a conversation between Father Hickey and Mr. McSwiggen had the last will and I had the first one there. Father Hickey was reading the one McSwiggen had, and he asked Mr. McSwiggen "What are you going to do with it?" I remarked to Father Hickey, "You know what McSwiggen and I came to see about." Mr. McSwiggen made the remark, "There they are, Mitchell will you do with them?" I said we would do whatever Father Hickey said. He said, "He did not care about giving us advice; he thought there was trouble ahead of us." McSwiggen did not appear to be very much concerned about the matter, and asked again what best he could do. He said if McSwiggen would leave with Father Hickey the second one, we would go over and prepare the first one. Mrs. McSwiggen remarked that he was perfectly satisfied with that, and that Father Hickey might burn his will if he choose. Father Hickey remarked, "No, Mike, I will keep the will, but will not burn it." We then went to the Register's office and left the first will. We went direct to Mr. Mitchell's office. Mr. Mitchell said we would have to have the witnesses before proceeding. He then went for the witnesses and went to the Register's office; we found a caveat against the will, and Mr. Mitchell withdrew from it.

The witness was here subjected to a lengthy cross-examination, during which the following other matters was elicited: Before Mr. McCabe's sickness he talked to me frequently about the claim of Mr. Barr. The majority of the Director's expected to collect the claim, from the fact that Mr. Barr offered real estate at one time for the payment of the same. Mr. McCabe never talked to witness about his wife's death. He seemed to know witness always when he went to see him. He would sometimes talk about the weather, and nearly every visit he would ask witness how many children he had. He frequently would ask about the Orphan Asylum.

The examination will be resumed this morning at nine o'clock.

POLICE NOTES.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

Alderman Bailee yesterday fined Richard McCaffrey $40 for blasting rocks on the "Fourth." The complaint was made by W. H. Hutchison, after one of the pieces of rock had entered his house through a window and created considerable consternation.

Yesterday William Neimeier was committed to jail by Alderman Bailee, in default of $500, to answer a charge of assault and battery and rape, a young woman named Louisa Ratteman being the prosecutrix. The parties are Germans. A hearing will take place on Wednesday.

Mayor Gallow added two to the Workhouse list yesterday morning.

Justice Heisel issued a warrant yesterday for the arrest of Charles Conway for striking Josephine Hubel in the eye with a beer glass.

Mrs. Margaret Out is "out" with her husband George, and George had better keep out of her way, for Mrs. Margaret is peppery, as they are looking for him, she having made an information against him for assault and battery.

The following are the circumstances of a case that came before Alderman Donaldson yesterday: John Getty rents a tavern on Penn street, below St. Clair street, and entered a charge of larceny as bailee, against a woman named Mary Sullivan. It appears that Getty stated that he gave a pair of flue pants to Fisher several weeks since to have cleaned and dyed blue, when the woman answered he went after them, when he was put off with the statement that they were at his house being pressed ready for him to call for them, and again called when he was told that they were not there but must have been given out to another customer in error. He was also told to come again in two weeks, when he would give him the pair that had been left instead of his own. He did so and was answered he would leave with Father Hickey the second one, we would go over and prepare the first one. Mrs. McSwiggen remarked that he was perfectly satisfied with that, and that Father Hickey might burn his will if he choose. Father Hickey remarked, "No, Mike, I will keep the will, but will not burn it." We then went to the Register's office and left the first will. We went direct to Mr. Mitchell's office. Mr. Mitchell said we would have to have the witnesses before proceeding. He then went for the witnesses and went to the Register's office; we found a caveat against the will, and Mr. Mitchell withdrew from it.

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The examination will be resumed this morning at nine o'clock.

BREVITIES.

GRAPES.

COOL breezes yesterday.

BUSINESS continues dull.

U. S. OFFICERS off for Erie.

ICE MEN complain of dull times.

BUGGY RIDING popular just now.

YESTERDAY was cool and pleasant.

THERMOMETER lower yesterday.

HAY is now $25 a ton in the market.

RIPE PEACHES are very plenty in market now.

A. P. A. LODGES of colored men next in order.

THESE cool nights are universally appreciated.

EVERY indication of a large grape crop this season.

ANOTHER postponement of the Gray case—indefinite.

W. H. HARDING of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* is in town.

STREET BEGGARS are not so plenty for the past few days.

TOMATOES were plenty in market yesterday at $2.50 a bushel.

MR. JOHN CALDWELL and wife left last evening for the sea shore.

EX-MAYOR DRUM of Allegheny, is now running a large planing mill in that city.

MANY ministers referred to the New York rioters from their pulpits last Sunday.

PITTSBURGH'S public drinking fountains cost $175 each—economy and utility combined.

GREEN corn is right plenty, right expensive and by no means sufficiently ripe for good health.

IT IS SAID that the "Greys" will furnish the funds to enable the Heath's to complete the starring tour.

CHIEF HAGUE says he will not disturb the tranquility of our canine population until the first of August.

THE funeral of the late lamented Dr. Gracey was largely attended by the ministerial brethren, some sixteen being present.

LAST year's losses by fire in the United States are estimated at $60,000,000. Death claims paid by life insurance companies, $25,000,000.

MR. J. G. SIEBENECK, of the *Chronicle*, has been seriously ill for some two weeks. We are glad to learn he was much better yesterday.

THE foundation of the new Third ward, Allegheny, school building was completed last week, and the brick layers will commence their work this morning.

THE Water Committee of Allegheny Councils will hold a special meeting to-night. The "Conciliation" Committee will also meet, and the expectation is that a compromise will be effected. "Let us have peace."

AN INTOXICATED WOMAN, fell into a cellar, in the Allegheny Diamond, yesterday afternoon. She was taken up by a tender-hearted policeman, who kindly refrained from locking up. The woman declined to tell her name.

TROUBLE in the Heath Zouaves. Captain Batchelor, one of the officers, resigned, and the party started up Washington street. Mr. B. carried a watch—a handsome affair, in his vest pockets.

This time piece evidently pleased a member of the band, for he cast many a wistful glance thereon at the time. It finally went to a more convenient spot, snatched it and ran with might and main. Mr. B., called for the watch—not the thief—but the darkey had carried off—and two officers appeared into whose hands he gave the unoffending George. George was taken to the watch house, and upon a search there to give the name of him who committed the offence was consigned to cosy quarters under Captain Campbell's care.

The informant, Mr. Barr, seemed greatly excited, pacing back and forth in the captain's office at his being called upon to identify the thief. He expressed himself however as caring nothing for the watch only that it was a present from his mother. George will be on hand at seven o'clock this morning to attend to the matter. And that's all.

Real Estate Transfers Filed Since Our Last Report.

David Thompson to Wm. Lander, July 10, 1871: 2 acres of land, Shaler township..... $200

Michiel Bouvier to Christian Metz, July 1, 1871: lots Nos. 10 and 11 in plan of lots of heirs of Morgan M. Shirk, in Seventh ward, Allegheny.....

James McGinnis to James Dowling, April 22, 1870: lot No. 8 in Lippincott's plan of lots in Beaver's land, Fifteenth Ward, City.....

Samuel Brown to Joseph Irwin, February 6, 1871: lots Nos. 21 and 22 in Wm. and James Murdock's plan of lots in Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh.....

Wm. and James Murdock to Joseph Irwin, February 6, 1871: lots Nos. 27 and 28 in Wm. and James Murdock's plan in Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh.....

David Phillips to Joseph Irwin, March 25, 1871: lot No. 18 in W. and J. Murdock's plan in Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh.....

H. S. Fleming to Ernest Hesse, deed dated January 2, 1871; three pieces of land on Covington street and Cherry alley, late the borough of Lawrenceville, with buildings.....

Ernest Hesse to H. J. Roubaugh, February 22, 1871; 40 by 120 feet on Cedar street, Birmingham.....

John Brown to Mathew M. Baker, February 27, 1871: No. 27 in John Brown's plan of lots in the borough of East Birmingham.....

John Savage, administrator, to Captain William Ward, June 24, 1870; 2¼ by 48 feet on Logan street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, with buildings.....

H. S. Fleming to Matthew Jones, June 24, 1871: lots Nos. 46 and 47 in John H. Irwin's plan of lots in 12th ward, Pittsburgh, with buildings.....

W. G. Hawkins to H. A. Fryogle, July 11, 1871; 5 acres and 40 perches of land in Wilkins township.....

W. G. Hawkins to J. W. Annawalt, July 11, 1871; 5 acres and 40 perches of land in Wilkins township.....

W. G. Hawkins to John Kelly, July 11, 1871; 5 acres and 40 perches of land in Wilkins township.....

W. G. Hawkins to Richard Deaker, July 11, 1871; 5 acres and 40 perches of land in Wilkins township.....

Gustavus Stoy to John H. Brown, July 12, 1871: lots Nos. 50, 51, 70, 71 and 72 in Ewing's plan of lots, in 16th ward, Pittsburgh.....

Obituary.

We are called upon this morning to announce the sudden death of a very worthy citizen, Mr. Thomas T. Myler, of the firm of Auday, Myler & Allison, and brother of John A. Myler, Esq., in the 49th year of his age. He had been attending a Sunday School picnic, on Wednesday last, and getting somewhat wet in the rain, contracted a bad cold, which settled on his system, and resulted fatally. He was confined to his house for many years, one of our most prominent and respected merchants, and enjoyed the respect and confidence of the entire community. In his death his family have lost a devoted husband and father, and he will be mourned also by a large circle of loving friends. His funeral takes place at his residence, Rosy's Station, on Wednesday morning.

THAT woman-killing beast, Mr. Mattie Miller, who told naughty stories about two of our hospitals, and who made various assertions about the Mayor, which he later was not a woman of "undoubted respectability." Mr. George Fortune, made a visit to the house of Mrs. Nugent, and by quite conditioning learned that Mrs. Miller, belonged to Allegheny. He then waited on Mr. McGonigle, of the Allegheny Police Department, who stated that he had sent Mrs. Miller, "in view of approaching illness," to the Allegheny Hospital, and that she had been discharged from that institution. He says that she lived with a man in that city, but was not married.

FASHION NOTES.

SOME OF THE LATEST STYLES.

A TINY vinaigrette is the last thing in watch chains.

"CIRCUS TENT" is the new name for Pongee sun umbrellas.

LADIES are wearing their riding habits shorter than ever.

TORTOISE-SHELL cuffs (they're too large to be called bracelets) are much worn with the flowing sleeves of the present fashion.

The open summer sleeves are much taken advantage of for the resuscitation of grandmother's ruffles, which for years has lain in state in camphor wood and lavender.

POWDERING their arms is a habit of fashionable young ladies in New York, which is severely commented upon. Such persons go for without powder to make them "go off."

FISHING will be much favored as an amusement by ladies this summer. Ever since the first appearance of the "Fisher Girl" American damsels have been given to angling.

LADIES are beginning once again to wear charms. This is certainly an improvement, for the watch chain is a much better place for artificial charms than the back hair or the complexion.

SMALL bottles of perfumery are carried by some ladies in the sticks of their sunshades. A cynic might be tempted to say that they had more scents in their parasol handles than in their heads.

SOME YOUNG LADIES now wear small mirrors set in gold hung on their necklace instead of lockets. Every time they look at them they see the counterfeit presentment of the person in whom of all the world they are the most deeply interested.

SUMMER has made a decided change in arranging the hair, and there is now a tendency of adopting a modified idea of the shape of a lady's head. The deforming chignons are doomed, and already begin to disappear. At one of the late weddings the prettiest girls appeared with their own hair simply braided and pinned up in loops behind. Few, with luxuriant locks, wore two hanging braids, tied an inch or two from the head with a ribbon. This style is prettier for demoiselles than their more advanced sisters, but even this is preferable to the artificial arrangements of the last ten years. A decided taste of blue is now taking possession of the imaginations and feelings of the fair sex, and as the new fashions are hourly passed by the R. W. G. Lodge was for the special purpose of initiating and making the work so nobly commenced, more extensive and thorough, a full attendance is expected at the meeting of Iron City Lodge on Thursday evening next, when the Deputy will be on hand to assume a tangible shape, toward a permanent organization of that class of our persevering and energetic Protestant fellow-citizens.

THE COULSON SUICIDE.

Coroner's Inquest—The Man Not Dead When First Discovered—His Death—Verdict of the Jury.

Yesterday morning an inquest was held by Coroner West upon the remains of the man found dead near Perrysville on Sunday morning, a full account of which appeared in yesterday's GAZETTE.

The testimony given by Mr. Rodenbaugh, upon whose farm the body was found, one of the principal witnesses, was to the effect that he discovered the person yesterday (Sunday) morning about seven o'clock leaning against a tree and asleep. He was not dead, but was breathing. He supposed that he had sat down to rest and fallen asleep; did not disturb him, returned again at ten o'clock A. M., and found him dead; informed 'Squire Ivory of the occurrence, and he, with others, visited the body, and found two bottles of morphia on his person, one almost empty and the other full with the seal not broken. He had several papers, memoranda, &c.; also had about eighty dollars and seventy-five cents, a silver watch, two pairs of kid gloves; appeared to be from seventy years of age, and was well attired in a suit of black clothes.

Dr. Umbstetter made an examination of the body and pronounced his belief that the evidence given by the various witnesses was sufficient to pronounce it death by self poisoning, death being caused by taking morphia.

The testimony regarding the manner of death was so clear that an examination of the stomach by analysis of its contents was unnecessary.

A verdict in accordance with the testimony was rendered.

Ticking

at 6½c. and upwards, at that Great Sale of McKee, Murphy & Co.'s., 59 Market street.

ELOPEMENT.

An Allegheny Matron of Forty-Three Elopes With a Youth of Twenty—Leaves a Tavern, a Husband and Twelve Children—Takes Some Cash and Clothing—A Cruel New Departure.

Much excitement, not to say tribulation and weeping and wailing, was occasioned in the household of a certain tavern keeper, residing within pistol range of the Allegheny Mayor's office, by the discovery last Saturday, by the head of the family, that his wife had disappeared under circumstances which left no doubt in the mind of the husband that the perfidious woman had eloped with one of her boarders. It is said that about six months ago a young man aged about twenty years, engaged boarding at the house in question, and shortly after he had installed himself in the house it was noticed that quite an intimacy had sprung up between him and the landlady. About this time the proprietor of the tavern went away on a visit, expecting to be gone about sixty days. During his absence the intimacy between the new boarder and the landlady was kept up; and it is hinted that since the return of her husband, which was at the expiration of the time stated, the woman has been guilty of various improprieties. Be all this as it may, the landlady and the youthful lodger disappeared last Friday night, taking with them a sum of money belonging to the husband, together with a number of valuable articles. It was ascertained that the pair had fled westward, and the enraged tavern keeper is, we understand, taking active measures looking to a vigorous pursuit. Officers were dispatched to all the depots Saturday evening, and one of them succeeded in recovering the baggage of the elopers, which has been returned to the disconsolate husband. The woman was about forty-three years of age, and is the mother of twelve children, all alive and crying about her own dear departure.

LOST TIME.

A Very Truthful Romance, Which Concerns Parties White and Parties Black.

It happened this morning shortly after the witching hour of twelve. It happened on Washington street near the Grain Elevator. The origin of the affair was in a saloon on Liberty street not half a mile from Grant. A convivial party had assembled there and wine did flow and witty sallies flashed and all went merry as a marriage bell. Music was added to the entertainment of the night about this time by the appearance on the scene of a band—the blackest band of all—who came not through the Middle Muddy Straits, but in at the open doorway. The leader of the band is named George—perhaps. At least we will call him George as it suits our purpose.

Mr. Barr was there—Charles C. Barr of the Black Diamond steel works. Mr. Barr true to the lofty instincts of his generous nature gave George a drink, which was well and good. Mr. B. then unfortunately agreed (this is his statement) to accompany the band on a serenading tour. His offer was accepted and the party started up Washington street. Mr. B. carried a watch—a handsome affair, in his vest pockets.

This time piece evidently pleased a member of the band, for he cast many a wistful glance thereon at the time. It finally went to a more convenient spot, snatched it and ran with might and main. Mr. B., called for the watch—not the thief—but the darkey had carried off—and two officers appeared into whose hands he gave the unoffending George. George was taken to the watch house, and upon a search there to give the name of him who committed the offence was consigned to cosy quarters under Captain Campbell's care.

The informant, Mr. Barr, seemed greatly excited, pacing back and forth in the captain's office at his being called upon to identify the thief. He expressed himself however as caring nothing for the watch only that it was a present from his mother. And will the firemen try to put the fire out with the engines then?

"If you should ever die, may we
Have pumpkins growing in the ground, so
My fairy godmother can come for me,
When there's a prince's ball; and let me go?

"Read Cinderella just once more—
What makes men's other wives so mean?" I
That I was tired, it may be cross before
That I was tired, it may be cross before
Hours later, from a child's white bed
I heard the timid, last queer question start:
"Mamma, are you my stepmother?" it said.
The innocent reproof came to my heart.

A New English Enterprise.

Warned, perhaps, by her neglect of the Suez Canal project at a time when she might have attained virtual control over that route, England now seems to be inclined to encourage the building of a railway along the Euphrates Valley as a highway to India. Parliament has appointed a special committee to examine and report on the subject, and leading men declare themselves in its favor. Leaving the Mediterranean on the Syrian coast, it is proposed to run the road along the valley of the Euparates, with its eastern terminus at the head of the Persian gulf. The saving of distance, compared with the Red Sea route, would be, in a straight line, 1,000 miles; and as vessels proceeding by the way of the Red Sea have to make detours of 500 miles and upwards during the monsoon months, the actual gain would be something more than this. The route proposed would, of course, make necessary the transhipment which the Suez Canal has obviated; but the saving in time, and, in the case of some kinds of freight, in cost would, on account of the marked saving of time, be preferred to any other.

Witchcraft.

Frankfort, a little town in Perry county, Illinois, is marveling over the antics of two young ladies who are, according to the local sooth sayers, "bewitched." Physicians have visited the performing misses and as they cannot diagnose the case in the easiest they find the girls all right. But it seems the misses are sane during the day time and at night the evil influence comes upon them, at which time they are moved to such antics as climbing the outside of the house and performing blood chilling gyrations on the extreme apex of the paternal mansion, to the horrified delight of crowds of curious. During this vigorous trance the girls speak in an unknown tongue and generally seek the house of a neighbor, whom they speak of as having put a charm upon them for betraying a secret confined to them by this malignant person. Both girls catch the "inspiration" at the same moment, performing the same antics, and come out at the same time. Inasmuch as their lives are endangered by this mysterious affliction, their parents are kept in constant alarm.

A Peculiar Bath-House.

A Louisville paper says: On Broadway, not outside the limit bounded by Sixth and Twelfth streets, there was witnessed on Wednesday night last a very peculiar piece of maneuvring. On that night, then, and at about ten of the night in question, which, as will be remembered, was very sultry, the father of the family appeared, clad—well, not overclad, but in the garment with which he was endowed at birth, and took his stand underneath a projection a half dozen feet or more above him. A good deal of water was standing around in a pail of water beside her, and as her liege lord gave the word, doused him from head to foot with the contents therefrom. A half shuddering "ugh!" on his part attested either to his delight at the welcome bath or the sudden shock to his nervous system. The passengers along the thoroughfare and residents of the adjacent houses, could be with comparative difficulty forced into the conviction that a more suitable if not more convenient bathhouse might be adopted. The present one is too open to objection.

RANKIN'S BLACKBERRY

Consists of the Tonic and Astringent properties of Blackberry Root and Fruit combined with choice aromatics. It is confidently recommended for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and the various affections of the bowels. For sale by

A. J. RANKIN, Apothecary,
45 Sixth street, Pittsburgh.

MARRIED:

MONINGER—FOULKE—On Thursday, July 13, 1871, at the residence of Wm. Collingwood, Esq., at Swissvale, Pa., by Rev. Samuel Laird, M. Gilo, W. MONINGER, Jr., of Washington, Penna., and Miss C. D. FOULKE, of the former place.

DIED:

HANCOCK—At St. Louis, Michigan, ELLA, wife of Jas. Hancock, and eldest daughter of A. F. Hitchcock, of this city.

Funeral from the residence of her husband, Penn avenue, Wednesday, July 19, at 2 o'clock.

AUSTIN—On Monday morning, July 17, 1871, SALLIE L., daughter of Walter F. and Clara M. Austin, aged 4 years four months and 17 days.

Funeral on WEDNESDAY MORNING at ten o'clock, from the house of her parents, at East Liberty.

BEST—On Monday morning, at six o'clock JOHN BEST, in the fifty-seventh year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 197 Second avenue, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON at two o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MYLER—At his residence, Roup's Station, Pennsylvania Central Railroad, at one o'clock, P. M., on the 17th inst., THOMAS T. MYLER, aged forty-nine years.

The funeral will take place on WEDNESDAY, July 19th, at eleven o'clock, A. M. Carriages will leave Auday, Myler & Allison's corner of Penn avenue and Smithfield street, on Wednesday morning, at 9½ o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SMITH—On Thursday, the 13th inst., HORACE GRAY SMITH, aged 4 years and 6 months, and H. WINTER DAVIS aged 7 years, sons of Frederick and Margaretta Smith.

(Baltimore papers please copy.)

DICKSON—On Monday afternoon, 17th inst, at 4 o'clock, ELIZABETH, wife of Alexander Dickson, and daughter of the late Thomas Dickson, in the 74th year of her age.

Notice of funeral in Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday morning papers.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, Undertaker, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods constantly on hand. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

Great Western Gun Works.

RIFLES, SHOT GUNS, REVOLVERS.

Guns, Powder, Shot, Wads, Bullets, Game Bags and Belts, Powder Flasks, Fishing Tackle and Sporting Goods of every description at very low prices. Ideal Gun Oil, made only by Parr Arms and Gun Material, and have the only full assortment in the city, and sell at lower prices than can be had anywhere in the country. Call and see or send for a price list before purchasing elsewhere. Fire Arms neatly repaired and promptly spalred. Guns for hire. Agents for sale. Army Rifles, Carbines and Revolvers bought or traded for.

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179 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa

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29 Fifth avenue Pittsburgh Pa

OFFICE OF CITY SCHOOL BOARD OF EDUCATION,
PITTSBURGH, July 14, 1871.

APPLICATIONS WILL BE RECEIVED for the following positions in the High School:

Of PROFESSOR OF COMMERCIAL SCIENCE. Salary, $1,750.

Of ADJUNCT PROF. OF NATURAL SCIENCE. Salary, $1,500.

Of PRECEPTRESS. Salary, $900.

Of TEACHER OF GERMAN. Salary not determined.

The examination of the applicants for the several positions will take place TUESDAY, August 1st, at 9 o'clock. By order of the Board.
JOHN A. SELLERS, Secretary.
jy17:w32

WILTBERGER'S
Flavoring Extracts.

Are warranted equal to any made. They are prepared from the purest fruits, and will be found better than many of the *Extracts* that are sold.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist for Wilberger's Extracts.

BARLOWS INDIGO BLUE

Is, without doubt, the *best article* in the market for *bluing clothes*. It will color more water than four times the same weight of indigo, and much